



ELEMENTARY (K-5)

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In partnership with the SUNY Cortland AMP Lab.

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#### MODULE OVERVIEW

ABOUT THIS MODULE

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Design and Illustrations: Jennifer Truong, James Boland, Aaron Hart

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#### MODULE OVERVIEW

NATIONAL . STANDARDS **OUTCOMES FOCUS** 

- Standard 1 [E7.K-3] Maintains momentary stillness on different bases of support (Ka); Forms wide, narrow, curled, and twisted body shapes (Kb); Maintains stillness on different bases of support with different body shapes (1); Balances on different bases of support, combining levels and shapes (2a); Balances in an inverted position with stillness and supportive base (2b); Balances on different bases of support, demonstrating muscle tension and extensions of free body parts (3).
- Standard 1 [E7.3 & 5] Balances on different bases of support, demonstrating muscle tension and extensions of free body parts (3); Combines balance and transferring weight in a gymnastics sequence or dance with a partner (5).
- Standard 1 [E10.K-2] Contrasts the actions of curling and stretching (K); Demonstrates twisting, curling, bending, and stretching actions (1); Differentiates among twisting, curling, bending, and stretching actions (2).
- Standard 2 [E1.K,3,4b,5] Differentiates between movement in personal (selfspace) and general space (Ka); Recognizes the concept of open spaces in a movement context (3); Applies the concept of closing spaces in small-sided practice tasks (4b); Combines spatial concepts with locomotor and non-locomotor movements for small groups in gymnastics, dance, and games environments (5).
- Standard 3 [E3. K-2]: Recognizes that when you move fast, your heart beats faster and you breathe faster.
- Standard 3 [E2.3-5]: Engages in the activities of physical education class without teacher prompting (3); Actively engages in the activities of physical education class, both teacher-directed and independent (4); Actively engages in all the activities of physical education (5).
- Standard 4 [E1.K-5] Follows directions in group settings (e.g., safe behaviors, following rules, taking turns) (K); Accepts personal responsibility by using equipment and space appropriately (1); Practices skills with minimal teacher prompting (2); Exhibits personal responsibility in teacher-directed activities (3); Exhibits responsible behavior in independent group situations (4); Engages in physical activity with responsible interpersonal behavior (e.g., peer to peer, student to teacher, student to referee) (5).
- Standard 5 [E1.K-5] Recognizes that physical activity is important for good health (K); Identifies physical activity as a component of good health (1); Recognizes the value of "good health balance" (2); Discusses the relationship between physical activity and good health (3); Examines the health benefits of participating in physical activity (4); Compares the health benefits of participating in selected physical activities (5).
- Standard 5 [E2.K-2] Acknowledges that some physical activities are challenging/difficult (K); Recognizes that challenge in physical activities can lead to success (1); Compares physical activities that bring confidence and challenge (2); Discusses the challenge that comes from learning a new physical activity (3); Rates the enjoyment of participating in challenging and mastered physical activities (4); Expresses (via written essay, visual art, creative dance) the enjoyment and/or challenge of participating in a favorite physical activity. (5).
- **Standard 5 [E4.3-5]** Describes the positive social interactions that come when engaged with others in physical activity (3); Describes/compares the positive social interactions when engaged in partner, small-group, and large-group physical activities (4); Describes the social benefits gained from participating in physical activity (e.g., recess, youth sport) (5).





#### MODULE OVERVIEW

PLANNING COMPLETE LESSONS

Each skill-building activity in this module is meant to be one part of a complete lesson. The authors recommend the following formula for creating a 30- to 45-minute lesson:

Mindfulness Activity 5-10 minutes
+ Yoga Activity 10-15 minutes
+ Meditation Activity 10-15 minutes
+ Check for Understanding 5 minutes

SELF ASSESSMENT WORKSHEET This simple self-assessment provides each student with a structure for reflecting on current skill level, setting a goal for growth and development, and then reassessing progress toward that goal. The authors recommend that students complete this form as a pre-assessment on the day that skills are first introduced and then again during the final lessons.

Introduce the self-assessment tool and process to K–1 students by completing the worksheet as a class, rating the entire group's performance. Next, set a group goal for improvement and complete the post-assessment together. Young students will most likely need too much guidance to complete this type of assessment independently. We recommend attempting an independent self-assessment at the end of grade 1 and then throughout grades 2–5.

USING
THE SELF
ASSESSMENT
FOR
EVALUATION
(GRADING)

When evaluating a student's performance in using the Self-Assessment Worksheet, the student's score should be based on the process and quality of self-reflection, not the student's ability to score a full column of smiles or stars. Here is a sample rating scale for Self-Assessment evaluation:

- Well Below Competence (1): Was present but refused to complete selfassessment.
- <u>Lacks Competence (2)</u>: Completed each assessment with little effort.
   Student pre- and post-assessments do not match teacher-observed skill performance.
- Competent (3): Most skill assessments match the student's skill level, with a goal for improvement and an accurate post-assessment. Evidence of reflection is present.
- <u>Proficient (4)</u>: All skill assessments match the student's skill level, with a goal for improvement and an accurate post-assessment. Evidence of reflection and a regard for quality of work is present.

HOLISTIC RUBRIC FOR PERFORMANCE

The Holistic Rubric can be used as both a formative and summative assessment within the module. Providing students with the rubric's criteria early in the module will allow for discussion and formative evaluation throughout activities and lessons.

Two rubrics are given for teachers to choose from based completely on preference. The Single Holistic Rubric provides one set of criteria, including both skill and personal and social responsibility (PSR) characteristics. The Dual Holistic Rubric separates skill and PSR characteristics, providing two sets of criteria to be evaluated separately. Either rubric can be completed in full on the module's final lessons, providing a final holistic evaluation of each student's performance.





#### MODULE OVERVIEW

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; Ì	Lesson	Skill Activity	Suggested Academic Language
· )	1	Relaxation Reflection, Fast to Slow, Breathing Bags	Contribute, Cooperate, Emotions, Feelings, Good Health, Independently, Loose, Mindfulness, Relax, Respect, Self-Control, Take Turns, Tense, Tight
) ]	2	Relaxation Reflection, Make Your Shape, Breathing Bags	Belly Breathing, Calm, Emotions, Exhale, Feelings, Focus, Inhale, Mindful, Quiet, Relaxation, Stress
]	3	BrrrI Am Cold!, Flowing Movements, Relax and Reflect	Actively Engage, Balance, Dynamic, Focus, Locomotor Movement, Patience, Safe, Static, Circulate, Constrict, Mindful, Positive Learning Environment, Relax, Self-Regulate
)	4	Brrr I Am Cold!, Pass the Pose, Relax and Reflect	Benefits, Boundary, Concern, Demonstrate, Enjoy, General Space, Pose, Safe, Self-Space, Stress, Temperature, Tension, Thermometer
) )	5	Relaxation Reflection, Sun Salutation, Relax and Reflect	Asymmetrical, Balance, Base of Support, Bend, Curl, Dynamic, Endurance, Extend, Flex, Flexibility, Sequence, Static, Stillness, Strength, Symmetrical
	6	BrrrI Am Cold!, Sun Salutation, Relax and Reflect	Belly Breathing, Calm, Emotions, Exhale, Feelings, Focus, Inhale, Mindful, Quiet, Relaxation, Stress
	7	Make Your Shape, Wordles, Relax and Reflect	Actively Engage, Balance, Base of Support, Enjoy, Extend, Flex, Muscle Tension, Positive, Self-Expression, Social Interaction, Transfer Weight
	8	Pass the Pose, Developing a Flow, Relax and Reflect	Base of Support, Balance, Bend, Confidence, Courage, Curl, Enjoy, Fear, Flexibility, Imagination, Muscular Fitness, Self-Expression, Stretch, Transfer Weight, Twist, Yoga Pose
	9	Pass the Pose, Developing a Flow, Relax and Reflect	Academic Language Review





#### MATERIALS LIST

QTY	NAME	CODE	USGames.com
24	Spot Markers	1388151	Link to e-Store
6	Hoops	02170	Link to e-Store
4	Cones	1093452	Link to e-Store
6	Task Tents	1389878	Link to e-Store
24	Yoga Mats	1240146	Link to e-Store
24	Bean Bags	1293418	Link to e-Store
1	Music Player	1390187	Link to e-Store
24	Heart Rate Monitors (optional)	1457023	Link to e-Store
			OPENPhysEd.org
	Relaxation Mirror Task Cards		OPENPhysEd.org
	Progressive Relaxation Script		OPENPhysEd.org
	BrrI am Cold! Teacher Movement Card		OPENPhysEd.org
	Thermometer Poster		OPENPhysEd.org
	ABC Flash Cards		OPENPhysEd.org
	Yoga Pose Cards		OPENPhysEd.org
	Sun Salutation Cards		OPENPhysEd.org
	Sight Word Cards		OPENPhysEd.org
	Yoga Flow Reference Cards		OPENPhysEd.org
	Guided Reflection Audio Tracks		OPENPhysEd.org





## TOOLS FOR TEACHING YOGA AND MINDFULNESS (CONTINUE PROVIDED IN TEACHING YOUR AND TEAC



NOTES





**MINDFULNESS** 

#### **RELAXATION REFLECTION**

#### TEACHING CUES

- Focus on Now
- Calm Your Body and Mind
- Tense and Relax

#### STUDENT TARGETS

- **Skill:** I will follow all activity instructions and take turns with my partner.
- **Cognitive:** I will define mindfulness and discuss how it relates to tension and relaxation.
- **Fitness:** I will discuss how mindfulness can contribute to good health.
- Personal & Social Responsibility: I will work cooperatively and independently with my partner.

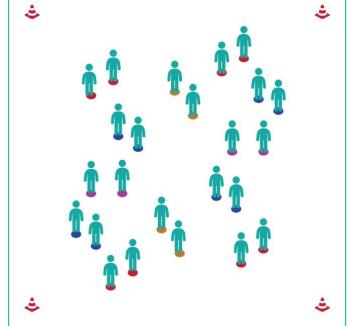
#### ACTIVITY SET-UP & PROCEDURE

#### **Equipment:**

- Relaxation Mirror Task Cards
- Progressive Relaxation Script
- 1 spot marker per student

#### Set-Up:

- **1.** Scatter spot markers throughout the activity area, grouped into sets of 2.
- 2. Pair students, each student at a spot marker.



#### **Activity Procedures:**

- 1. Mindfulness is our ability to focus attention on the present moment and to be able to calmly acknowledge our emotions, what we're thinking, and how our body is feeling in the moment.
- 2. Today, we're going practice an activity called Relaxation mirror. The object is to be mindful and feel how our muscles respond when we make them tense and tight and then loose and relaxed.
- 3. One of the most important things to demonstrate today is respect for your partner's personal space.
- **4.** Stand tall and face your partner. I will read a descriptive word like "tense," "tight," "relaxed," and "loose." Partner 1 will choose a body part and demonstrate the word on that body part. Partner 2 will mirror the action of partner 1. For example, if I say "tight," partner 1 could choose to tighten their biceps muscles, and then partner 2 will mirror that movement and tighten their biceps muscles.
- 5. After 4 descriptive words, we'll switch leaders. Choose as many different body parts as possible.

#### **Grade Level Progression:**

- **K–1**st: Teachers, begin by giving both the descriptive word and the body part. Students can mirror the teacher's movements.
- 2nd-3rd: Allow students to work with partner to mirror movements and make decisions on what body part to tighten or relax.
- 4th-5th: Teachers read from a relaxation progression of tightening and relaxing major muscle groups in a guided relaxation exercise.







#### RELAXATION REFLECTION

UNIVERSAL DESIGN ADAPTATIONS

 Provide equipment to help students find a comfortable position for relaxation. For example, allow students to lie down, sit up, or move in a different way that makes them feel comfortable.

#### ACADEMIC LANGUAGE

Contribute, Cooperate, Emotions, Feelings, Good Health, Independently, Loose, Mindfulness, Relax, Respect, Self-Control, Take Turns, Tense, Tight

STANDARDS & OUTCOMES ADDRESSED

- Standard 4 [E1.K-5] Follows directions in group settings (e.g., safe behaviors, following rules, taking turns) (K); Accepts personal responsibility by using equipment and space appropriately (1); Practices skills with minimal teacher prompting (2); Exhibits personal responsibility in teacher-directed activities (3); Exhibits responsible behavior in independent group situations (4); Engages in physical activity with responsible interpersonal behavior (e.g., peer to peer, student to teacher, student to referee) (5).
- Standard 5 [E1.K-5] Recognizes that physical activity is important for good health (K); Identifies physical activity as a component of good health (1); Recognizes the value of "good health balance" (2); Discusses the relationship between physical activity and good health (3); Examines the health benefits of participating in physical activity (4); Compares the health benefits of participating in selected physical activities (5).

#### DEBRIEF QUESTIONS

- **DOK 1:** How does it feel when a muscle is tense? How does it feel when a muscle is relaxed?
- DOK 2: What is the difference between being tense and being relaxed?
- **DOK 3:** How is mindfulness related to tension and relaxation?

TEACHING STRATEGY FOCUS Help students examine similarities and differences. Use the Depth of Knowledge questions above to explore the differences between being tense and being relaxed. If students are developmentally ready, take a minute to introduce metaphors for each term, and then challenge students to create their own metaphors. For example, "My muscles are a free-flowing river," or "My muscles are a tight cable."





**MINDFULNESS** 

STUDENT TARGETS

#### Brr... I Am Cold

#### TEACHING CUES

- Skill: I can self-regulate my tension and stress through mindful physical activity.
- Cognitive: I understand that cold hands and cold feet could mean I am tense, and so I need to find a way to relax my body and help blood circulate.
- **Fitness:** I will practice managing stress with physical activity.
- Personal & Social Responsibility: I will demonstrate behaviors that help establish a positive learning environment.
- Feel and Think About the Tension in Your Body
- Move Safely on Your Spot
- Help Create a Positive Learning Environment

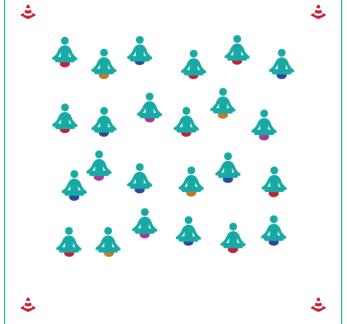
#### **ACTIVITY SET-UP & PROCEDURE**

#### **Equipment:**

- 1 spot marker per student
- Brrr...I am Cold! Teacher Movement Card
- Thermometer poster

#### Set-Up:

1. Scatter spots throughout the activity area, each student sitting on a spot.



#### **Activity Procedures:**

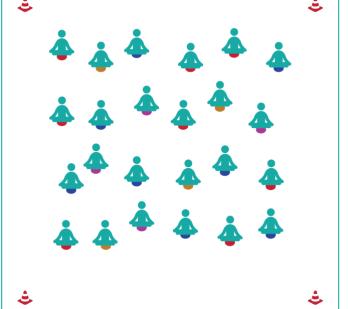
- 1. Today's activity is called Brrr...I am Cold! Have your hands or feet ever felt cold, even when it wasn't cold outside? Have you ever heard someone say that a person has "cold feet" when they were nervous? That's because our hands, arms, feet, and legs can get cold when our bodies are tense.
- 2. Why might your hands get cold when you're nervous? Tense muscles cause our blood flow to constrict, slow down, or start to shut off. Relaxed muscles allow blood to flow easily all throughout the body.
- 3. Let's look at this picture of a thermometer. As the temperature gets warmer, the mercury inside the thermometer flows and gets higher. As it gets colder, the temperature drops back down.
- **4.** I'm going to call out some action words that will help you keep your body loose, relaxed, and warm. When you hear each movement, stay on your spot and begin moving. When I yell out, "BRRR!" stop your movement and show me how you would look and feel if you were cold.
- 5. When you hear the next set of action words, begin moving again on your spot.
- 6. Teachers, see the Brr...I am Cold! Teacher Movement Card for sample action words.

#### **Grade Level Progression:**

**K–1**st: Perform the activity as described above.

2nd-3rd: Students work as a class to create a new set of action words.

4th-5th: Students work in groups of 4 to discuss and develop ways of mindfully moving around the room that can illustrate being tense or anxious (cold) or mindful (warm).







#### **BRR...IAM COLD**

UNIVERSAL DESIGN ADAPTATIONS

- Create movement options that are appropriate for all students' abilities.
- Pair small groups of students with an adult in a follow-the-leader-style format. Student follow teachers' movements and social cues.

ACADEMIC LANGUAGE

Circulate, Constrict, Mindful, Positive Learning Environment, Relax, Self-Regulate, Stress, Temperature, Tension, Thermometer

STANDARDS & OUTCOMES ADDRESSED

- Standard 4 [E1.K-5] Follows directions in group settings (e.g., safe behaviors, following rules, taking turns) (K); Accepts personal responsibility by using equipment and space appropriately (1); Practices skills with minimal teacher prompting (2); Exhibits personal responsibility in teacher-directed activities (3); Exhibits responsible behavior in independent group situations (4); Engages in physical activity with responsible interpersonal behavior (e.g., peer to peer, student to teacher, student to referee) (5).
- Standard 5 [E1.K-5] Recognizes that physical activity is important for good health (K); Identifies physical activity as a component of good health (1); Recognizes the value of "good health balance" (2); Discusses the relationship between physical activity and good health (3); Examines the health benefits of participating in physical activity (4); Compares the health benefits of participating in selected physical activities (5).

#### DEBRIEF QUESTIONS

- DOK 1: What is stress?
- **DOK 2:** What do you know about self-regulating your body's tension when you begin to feel your hands or feet get cold?
- **DOK 3:** How is physical activity related to self-regulation of stress and tension?
- **DOK 4:** Can you and a partner create a plan that you can follow the next time you get cold hands and feet because you feel stress?

TEACHING STRATEGY FOCUS Help students practice skills, strategies, and processes. Self-regulation of stress is a challenging process for adults, and children will need opportunities to practice strategies in developmentally appropriate ways. Brr...I Am Cold! is an activity that introduces both concepts and strategies that can help students in all areas of life. Revisit this activity periodically to help remind and reinforce these concepts with additional opportunity for practice.





**MINDFULNESS** 

STUDENT TARGETS

#### **FAST TO SLOW**

#### TEACHING CUES

- **Skill:** I will use mindful breathing to slow my heart rate.
- Cognitive: I will discuss how I can use mindful breathing to self-regulate my heart rate.
- Fitness: I will actively participate in each physical activity in order to increase my heart rate.
- Personal & Social Responsibility: I will move safely in personal and general space.
- In Through Your Nose (4 counts)
- Out Through Your Mouth (8 counts)
- Safe and Controlled Movements

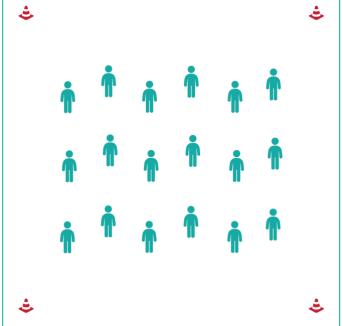
#### **ACTIVITY SET-UP & PROCEDURE**

#### **Equipment:**

- Music and music player
- Heart rate monitors (optional)

#### Set-Up:

1. Students scattered in open space with room to move safely.



#### **Activity Procedures:**

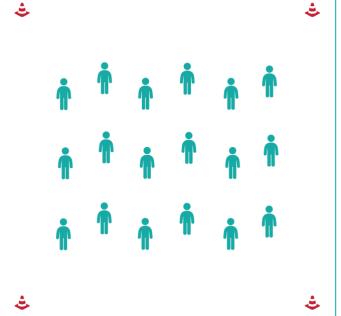
- 1. Today's activity is called Fast to Slow. The object of the activity is to learn how to get our fast heart rate to beat slower by using mindful breathing.
- 2. Your heart beats faster when it works hard, but it also beats faster when you are excited, nervous, or scared — similar to how you might breathe faster, or your feet or hands might get cold. Maybe you're nervous about a spelling test, or you're excited and getting ready to run a big race. In those situations, a heart rate that is too fast might not be helpful. If you know this, you can monitor your heartbeat, understand your emotions, and then work to slow it down. Let's use mindful breathing to slow our heart.
- 3. When the music starts, march in place and pump your arms in order to make your heart beat faster. Ready? GO! (Students march in place to music for 1 minute.)
- 4. Now freeze! Put your hand over your heart. Is it beating faster? Use deep breathing to slow it down.
- 5. Breathe in through your nose and count slowly to 4 fill your lungs. Now, exhale through your mouth slowly while you count to 8 — empty your lungs. (Repeat for 30 seconds to a minute.) Now, feel your heart again. Is it beating slower?
- **6.** Repeat using a variety of movements, in place or throughout open space.

#### **Grade Level Progression:**

**K–1**st: Perform the activity as described above.

2<sub>nd</sub>-3<sub>rd</sub>: Perform mindful breathing after playing a vigorous game.

4th-5th: Allow students to identify times when mindful breathing could help regulate their heart rate.









#### **FAST TO SLOW**

UNIVERSAL DESIGN ADAPTATIONS

- Choose activities that are appropriate for all students (e.g., pump arms overhead in classes with students in wheelchairs).
- Students follow verbal and visual cues as teacher demonstrates and leads movements.

ACADEMIC LANGUAGE

Calm, Elevated, Heartbeat, Heart Rate, Rapid, Slow

STANDARDS & OUTCOMES ADDRESSED

- Standard 3 [E2.K-5] Actively participates in physical education class (K); Actively engages in physical education class (1); Actively engages in physical education class in response to instruction and practice (2); Engages in the activities of physical education class without teacher prompting (3); Actively engages in the activities of physical education class, both teacher-directed and independent (4); Actively engages in all the activities of physical education (5).
- Standard 3 [E3. K]: Recognizes that when you move fast, your heart beats faster and you breathe faster (K).
- Standard 4 [E3.K-4] Follows instruction/directions when prompted (K); Responds appropriately to general feedback from the teacher (1); Accepts specific corrective feedback from the teacher (2); Accepts and implements specific corrective teacher feedback (3); Listens respectfully to corrective feedback from others (e.g., peers, adults) (4).

DEBRIEF QUESTIONS

- DOK 1: What makes your heart beat faster?
- **DOK 2:** How does feeling nervous affect your heart rate?
- DOK 3: Can you describe how to breathe in order to slow your heart rate?
- DOK 1: Can you remember how to count when practicing mindful breathing?
- **DOK 2:** Why is counting helpful when controlling your breathing?
- **DOK 3:** How is counting related to the idea of mindfulness?

TEACHING STRATEGY FOCUS Help students elaborate on content. Fast to Slow is an activity that provides students with physical evidence to support the concept being taught. Provide discussion time that allows students time and space to talk about this personalized evidence with details. This activity can and should be used repetitively as students progress from grade level to grade level. This allows their vocabulary and discussion skills to mature as they provide more sophisticated evidence.





**YOGA** 

#### **MAKE YOUR SHAPE**

#### **TEACHING CUES**

- Find your Base of Support
- Focus on Balance and Safety
- Be Creative

#### STUDENT TARGETS

- Skill: I will demonstrate a variety of static balance positions and transfer my weight in order to flow from 1 position to the next with my classmates.
- **Cognitive:** I will discuss the way my body is moving as I create shapes and balances.
- **Fitness:** I will demonstrate safe behaviors while being physically active.
- Personal & Social Responsibility: I will discuss the positive

social interactions that happen when I'm active with classmates.

#### ACTIVITY SET-UP & PROCEDURE

#### **Equipment:**

- 1–2 sets of ABC Flash Cards (laminate for longevity)
- 4–6 hoops
- 4 cones
- 1 spot marker per student (optional)

#### Set-Up:

- Create a large activity area using cones to mark boundaries.
- 2. Create a square in the center of the activity area using the hoops.
- **3.** Divide ABC cards evenly and place them facedown in the hula hoops.
- **4.** Scatter spot markers throughout the activity area. (Optional)

#### **Activity Procedures:**

- 1. Today's activity is called Make Your Shape. We will flex and extend our muscles to move through dynamic and static balances using different bases of support.
- 2. First, pick up a single card from 1 of the hula hoops, then find personal space inside the activity area. (Spot markers can help younger students quickly find personal space.)
- **3.** On the start signal, create a personal balance position that looks like the letter on the ABC flash card. On the stop signal, pause and listen for the next steps.
- **4.** Next, we'll create a circle and organize ourselves in ABC order. Don't use your voices; only use balance positions to express your letter.
- **5.** Once we're in our circle, we'll develop a simple flow by performing the letters from A to Z as a group. We'll hold each pose for 15 seconds.
- **6.** Teachers: If you have extra time, the class can also spell out their spelling words, 1 letter at a time as a group, to develop the classroom-to-gymnasium connection.

#### **Grade Level Progression:**

- **K–2:** Teacher models letters 1 card at a time; students perform each letter as a group.
- **3–5:** Students spell academic language words 1 letter at a time as a group, and then discuss the word as a class.





#### **MAKE YOUR SHAPE**

UNIVERSAL DESIGN ADAPTATIONS • Use shape cards (e.g., curved lines, triangles, etc.) rather than letters. Students follow teacher demonstrations in a group activity format.

ACADEMIC LANGUAGE Base of Support, Demonstrate, Flow, Physical Activity, Positive, Safe Behaviors, Social Interaction, Static Balance, Transfer Weight

STANDARDS & OUTCOMES ADDRESSED

- **Standard 1 [E10.K-2]** Contrasts the actions of curling and stretching (K); Demonstrates twisting, curling, bending, and stretching actions (1); Differentiates among twisting, curling, bending, and stretching actions (2).
- Standard 1 [E7.3 & 5] Balances on different bases of support, demonstrating muscle tension and extensions of free body parts (3); Combines balance and transferring weight in a gymnastics sequence or dance with a partner (5).
- Standard 4 [E1.K-5] Follows directions in group settings (e.g., safe behaviors, following rules, taking turns) (K); Accepts personal responsibility by using equipment and space appropriately (1); Practices skills with minimal teacher prompting (2); exhibits personal responsibility in teacher-directed activities (3); Exhibits responsible behavior in independent group situations (4); Engages in physical activity with responsible interpersonal behavior (e.g., peer to peer, student to teacher) (5).
- Standard 5 [E4.3-5] Describes the positive social interactions that come when engaged with others in physical activity (3); Describes/compares the positive social interactions when engaged in partner, small-group, and large-group physical activities (4); Describes the social benefits gained from participating in physical activity (e.g., recess, youth sport) (5).

#### DEBRIEF QUESTIONS

#### Questions for Grades K-2

- DOK 1: How would you perform a curl with a body part? How about a stretch?
   Twist? Bend?
- DOK 2: How did you use these movements when making your letter?
- **DOK 3:** How is safety related to your movement?

#### **Questions for Grades 3–5**

- DOK 1: What is a base of support?
- **DOK 2:** How does your base of support affect balance?
- **DOK 3:** How is balance related to weight transfer (from one base of support to another)?
- DOK1: What would you include on a list about positive social interaction during physical activity?
- DOK 2: How does your personal attitude affect social interactions?
- **DOK 3:** How do you think a person's social interactions in physical activity settings are related to their desire and ability to build a physical activity routine?

TEACHING STRATEGY FOCUS **Organize students to interact with content.** This activity allows students to experience yoga-style movements in both an expressive and cooperative group setting. This shared experience, with a focus on positive social interactions, will establish the building blocks for learning for the entire Yoga and Mindfulness module.





**YOGA** 

#### FLOWING MOVEMENTS

#### TEACHING CUES

- Move Safely
- Eyes Forward
- Strike a Pose (Vogue)
- Show Balance

#### STUDENT TARGETS

- **Skill:** I will demonstrate stillness while performing balance poses on different bases of support.
- **Cognitive:** I will discuss how my muscles help me stay still during balance poses.
- **Fitness:** I will actively participate in order to increase my heart rate and warm up my muscles.
- Personal & Social Responsibility: I will discuss how this activity challenged me and helped me practice and improve my balance.

#### ACTIVITY SET-UP & PROCEDURE

#### **Equipment:**

- 1 poly spot per student, or 1 yoga mat per student (if available)
- Set of Yoga Pose Cards
- Music player and music

#### Set-Up:

- **1.** Create a large circle using poly spots. Substitute the spots with yoga mats if available.
- 2. Place 1 card under each spot.
- 3. Begin with each student on a spot (or mat).

#### **Activity Procedures:**

- **1.** Today's activity is called Flowing Movements. We will combine locomotor movements with yoga poses. Our goal is to learn simple poses that can be used in movement routines.
- 2. Start at 1 of the spots in the circle. Under the spot is a Yoga Pose Card. Teachers, demonstrate a few poses before starting the activity as a whole group.
- **3.** When the music begins, look under your spot and perform the yoga pose on the card. Hold the pose for 15–30 sections while using balance and strong bases of support.
- **4.** When the music stops, I will call out a locomotor movement. Put your card back under your spot and start traveling throughout the activity area using the locomotor movement.
- **5.** When you hear the 5-second countdown, find a new spot around the circle. When the music starts, look at the card under your new spot and perform that pose for 15–30 seconds.
- **6.** We will continue for several rounds of movements and poses.

#### **Grade Level Progression:**

**K–1:** Students perform the activity with galloping and walking.

2-3: Add running, skipping, and leaping.

**4–5:** Remove cards from spots. Prompt students to recall (or create) various poses.







#### **FLOWING MOVEMENTS**

UNIVERSAL DESIGN ADAPTATIONS

 Use 1 card for the entire group and teacher-led poses. Alternatively, limit the number of poses for the group, choosing cards from the deck that match the ability of every student.

ACADEMIC LANGUAGE Actively Engage, Balance, Dynamic, Focus, Locomotor Movement, Patience, Safe, Static

STANDARDS & OUTCOMES ADDRESSED

- Standard 1 [E7.K-3] Maintains momentary stillness on different bases of support (Ka); Forms wide, narrow, curled, and twisted body shapes (Kb); Maintains stillness on different bases of support with different body shapes (1); Balances on different bases of support, combining levels and shapes (2a); Balances in an inverted position with stillness and supportive base (2b); Balances on different bases of support, demonstrating muscle tension and extensions of free body parts (3).
- Standard 4 [E1.K-5] Follows directions in group settings (e.g., safe behaviors, following rules, taking turns) (K); Accepts personal responsibility by using equipment and space appropriately (1); Practices skills with minimal teacher prompting (2); Exhibits personal responsibility in teacher-directed activities (3); Exhibits responsible behavior in independent group situations (4); Engages in physical activity with responsible interpersonal behavior (e.g., peer to peer, student to teacher, student to referee) (5).
- Standard 5 [E2.K-2] Acknowledges that some physical activities are challenging/difficult (K); Recognizes that challenge in physical activities can lead to success (1); Compares physical activities that bring confidence and challenge (2); Discusses the challenge that comes from learning a new physical activity (3); Rates the enjoyment of participating in challenging and mastered physical activities (4); Expresses (via written essay, visual art, creative dance) the enjoyment and/or challenge of participating in a favorite physical activity. (5).

#### DEBRIEF QUESTIONS

#### Questions for Grades K-2

- DOK 1: How would you describe a student who is staying still during a balance pose?
- **DOK 2:** How does performing locomotor movements affect the way your body feels when you're holding balance poses? Does it affect your heart rate?
- **DOK 3:** How are your muscles related to how well you can stay still and balanced? **Questions for Grades 3–5**
- **DOK 1:** What does the word *challenging* mean?
- **DOK 2:** How would you compare and contrast a pose that was less challenging with a pose that was more challenging?
- **DOK 3:** How does the level of challenge affect your enjoyment of an activity?

TEACHING STRATEGY FOCUS Identify Critical Content. Learning yoga poses from cards is fundamental in developing the basic poses that will build future routines. Separating the teaching of the poses from routine development will give the students specific cues to focus on. This progression creates a learning environment well suited for identifying specific movement concepts that will be built upon later in the module. Take time to help the students with their yoga poses and provide corrective feedback to increase student competencies. Then challenge them to perform the poses without prompts or instruction.





**YOGA** 

#### PASS THE POSE

#### **TEACHING CUES**

#### STUDENT TARGETS

- Skill: I will travel safely in the boundaries of general space to chase and flee, and I will move safely in self-space to complete yoga poses.
- Cognitive: I will talk with my classmates about how moving safely can help everyone enjoy physical activity.
- Fitness: I will talk with my classmates about the benefits of being physically active.
- Personal & Social Responsibility: I will move safely and demonstrate concern for myself and my

- Be Safe
- Strike a Pose
- Two-Finger Touch

#### **ACTIVITY SET-UP & PROCEDURE**

#### **Equipment:**

- 4 cones
- 4 hoops
- Set of Yoga Pose Cards
- 20 spot markers

classmates.

#### Set-Up:

- 1. Create a large activity area using cones to mark boundaries.
- 2. Place spot markers and hoops evenly outside the boundaries. Place a few Pose Cards in each
- **3.** Scatter students. Designate 2–3 taggers by giving them each 2 Yoga Pose Cards.
- 4. Students scattered inside the activity area.

#### **Activity Procedures:**

- 1. Today's activity is called Pass the Pose. This is a tag game that will help us practice our basic yoga poses. Our taggers have Yoga Pose Cards that they'll pass to you when you're tagged.
- 2. When I say, "GO!" begin moving at a speed-walking pace. Stay inside the cones.
- 3. If you're tagged, take 1 card from the tagger, then move to a spot marker on the perimeter and complete the pose listed on the card. Hold the pose for 20-30 seconds.
- 4. Then place the card in the nearest hoop and come back inside the boundary area to keep playing. Taggers, when you run out of cards, move to a hoop and pick up 2 more.
- 5. Freeze when you hear the stop signal and we'll change taggers.

#### **Grade Level Progression:**

K-1: Play the game without passing cards between the taggers and the students who were tagged. Instead, select 1 pose for the entire class to work on and post that card on the perimeter.

**2–3:** Play the game as described above.

**4–5:** Play the game as written above, but each time a student is tagged, they must complete the pose on the card, plus each of the poses they've done up until that point. Over time, this will build simple routines of 2-4 poses.





#### **PASS THE POSE**

UNIVERSAL DESIGN ADAPTATIONS

- Give students modified poses (e.g., tree pose modifications = stand on 2 feet, hands above head).
- Allow students to choose a pose when they are tagged.

ACADEMIC LANGUAGE Benefits, Boundary, Concern, Demonstrate, Enjoy, General Space, Pose, Safe, Self-Space

STANDARDS & OUTCOMES ADDRESSED

- Standard 2 [E1.K,3,4b,5] Differentiates between movement in personal (self-space) and general space (Ka); Recognizes the concept of open spaces in a movement context (3); Applies the concept of closing spaces in small-sided practice tasks (4b); Combines spatial concepts with locomotor and non-locomotor movements for small groups in gymnastics, dance, and games environments (5).
- Standard 4 [E6.K-5] Follows teacher directions for safe participation and proper use of equipment with minimal reminders (K) Follows teacher directions for safe participation and proper use of equipment without teacher reminders (1) Works independently and safely in physical education (2a) Works safely with physical education equipment (2b); Works independently and safely in physical activity settings (3); Works safely with peers and equipment in physical activity settings (4); Applies safety principles with age-appropriate physical activities (5).
- Standard 5 [E3.K-2] Identifies physical activities that are enjoyable (Ka); Discusses the enjoyment of playing with friends (Kb); Describes positive feelings that result from participating in physical activities (1a); Discusses personal reasons for enjoying physical activities. (the "why") (1b); Identifies physical activities that provide self-expression (e.g., dance, gymnastics routines, practice tasks/games environment) (2).

#### DEBRIEF QUESTIONS

#### Questions for Grades K-2

- DOK 1: What does it look like when our classmates are safe in physical education?
- DOK 2: What do you know about using physical education equipment safely?
- DOK 3: How is safety related to our enjoyment in physical education class?

#### **Questions for Grades 3-5**

- DOK 1: How would you describe someone who is showing concern for a classmate?
- DOK 2: How would you compare and contrast a person showing concern and someone not showing concern?
- DOK 3: What facts would you list when discussing the importance of showing concern to others in a physical activity setting?

TEACHING STRATEGY FOCUS **Help students elaborate on content.** Taking 5 minutes to use the DOK debrief questions will help students begin to process the importance of demonstrating concern for themselves and others in physical activity settings. Provide discussion prompts and encouragement as students work to relate social and emotional competencies of responsible decision-making and social awareness to their enjoyment and participation in this module's yoga activities.





**YOGA** 

#### **SUN SALUTATION**

#### TEACHING CUES

- Keep Your Core Tight
- Focus on Your Breathing
- Flex and Extend Muscles

#### STUDENT TARGETS

- **Skill:** I will maintain momentary stillness on different bases of support.
- **Cognitive:** I will discuss the different ways my body moves in order to build a movement sequence.
- **Fitness:** I will discuss how performing sun salutation contributes to my overall fitness.
- Personal & Social Responsibility: I will discuss the value of physical activity as it relates to my physical and mental health.

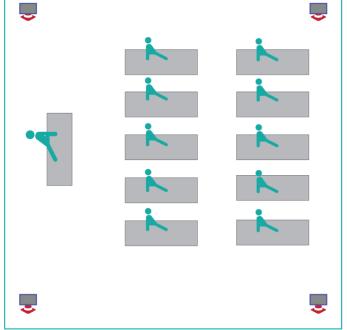
#### **ACTIVITY SET-UP & PROCEDURE**

#### **Equipment:**

- 1 yoga mat per student
- 1 yoga block per student (if available)
- 1 Sun Salutation Full Sequence Card
- 4 Sun Salutation Peer Teaching Cards
- 4 cones with task tents

#### Set-Up:

- 1. Scatter yoga mats in the activity area, facing the teacher (short ends to the front).
- 2. Each student at a mat.



#### **Activity Procedures:**

- 1. In today's activity, we're going to learn and practice sun salutations. As a group, we'll learn this traditional yoga routine that focuses on dynamic balance, muscular fitness, and the flexion (curling) and extension (stretching) of our muscles.
- **2.** First, we'll learn sun salutation movements together as one large group. Then you'll work in small groups to perform the entire sequence with your classmates.
- **3.** Follow my instructions, focusing on core strength and fluid movements. (Allow time for students to learn and understand the movement sequence.)
- **4.** Next, we'll work in groups of 4. The sequence is broken into 4 parts, so each part will have a different leader from your group. Teachers: Direct students to move into groups and assign each group member a part of the sequence.
- **5.** After you've practiced and learned your part of the sequence, come together as a group. Each person will teach their part, and then you'll practice the entire sun salutation together. Teachers: Allow groups to perform the sequence for the class.

#### **Grade Level Progression:**

- **K 2:** Complete steps 1–3 of this activity only (direct instruction).
- **3 5:** Complete steps 4–5 (peer teaching).





#### **SUN SALUTATION**

UNIVERSAL DESIGN ADAPTATIONS

 Provide visual cues and demonstrations. Allow students to modify the movements to match their abilities. Provide hand-over-hand assistance from an adult if appropriate.

ACADEMIC LANGUAGE Asymmetrical, Balance, Base of Support, Bend, Curl, Dynamic, Endurance, Extend, Flex, Flexibility, Sequence, Static, Stillness, Strength, Symmetrical

STANDARDS & OUTCOMES ADDRESSED

- Standard 1 [E7.K-3,&5] Maintains momentary stillness on different bases of support (Ka); Forms wide, narrow, curled, and twisted body shapes (Kb); Maintains stillness on different bases of support with different body shapes (1); Balances on different bases of support, combining levels and shapes (2a); Balances in an inverted position with stillness and supportive base (2b); Balances on different bases of support, demonstrating muscle tension and extensions of free body parts (3); Combines balance & transferring weight in a gymnastics sequence or dance with a partner (5).
- Standard 1 [E10.K-2] Contrasts the actions of curling and stretching (K); Demonstrates twisting, curling, bending, and stretching actions (1); Differentiates among twisting, curling, bending, and stretching actions (2).
- Standard 3 [E3.2&3] Uses own body as resistance (e.g., holds body in plank position, animal walks) for developing strength (2a); Identifies physical activities that contribute to fitness (2b); Demonstrates, with teacher direction, the health-related fitness components (3).
- Standard 5 [E1.K-2] Recognizes that physical activity is important for good health (K); Identifies physical activity as a component of good health (1); Recognizes the value of "good health balance" (2); Discusses the relationship between physical activity and good health (3); Examines the health benefits of participating in physical activity (4); Compares the health benefits of participating in selected physical

#### DEBRIEF QUESTIONS

#### **Questions for Grades K-5**

- DOK 1: What does it look like when muscles flex? When they extend?
- **DOK 2:** What did you notice about your balance when you flexed and extended your muscles?
- **DOK 3:** Using the words flex and extend, describe the sun salutation as a movement sequence.

#### **Questions for Grades 3-5**

- DOK 1: What does the term health benefit mean?
- DOK 2: How would you summarize the health benefits of sun salutation?
- DOK 3: How is sun salutation related to physical health? Mental health?

TEACHING STRATEGY FOCUS **Help students process content.** The progression of this activity from direct instruction to peer teaching gives students the opportunity to work with the content and communicate details about it with their classmates in a student-centered approach. The teacher facilitates the peer teaching group by guiding the communication in a way that helps students process what they're saying and hearing.





**YOGA** 

#### **WORDLES**

#### TEACHING CUES

- Eyes Forward
- Be Mindful
- Hold Your Pose

#### STUDENT TARGETS

- Skill: I will flex and extend my body to create shapes while maintaining balance on different bases of support.
- Cognitive: I will discuss the activities that are enjoyable and describe positive feelings that result from participation.
- Fitness: I will remain actively engaged in this activity without teacher reminders.
- Personal & Social Responsibility: I will purposefully participate in a way that helps my classmates enjoy this activity.

#### **ACTIVITY SET-UP & PROCEDURE**

#### **Equipment:**

- 4 cones
- 4 hoops
- 1 spot marker per group of 3 students
- 4 sets of Sight Word Cards
- 4 sets of ABC Flash Cards

#### Set-Up:

- 1. Create a large activity area using cones to mark boundaries.
- 2. Scatter spots throughout the activity area.
- 3. Set 1 hoop next to each cone.
- 4. Place cards (with either letters or words) inside hoops.
- **5.** Create groups of 3, each group at a spot marker.

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#### **Activity Procedures:**

- 1. This is Wordles! The object is to design body movements that create letters and then words.
- 2. On the start signal, 1 student per group will walk (or other locomotor skill) to collect a card from one of the hoops, and then bring that card back to their group.
- 3. As soon as they return, groups will begin to work cooperatively to design shapes with their bodies to create the letter or word on the card.
- **4.** Take time to allow groups to demonstrate their shapes for another group, or for the entire class.
- 5. Teachers: As students show success with letters and words, progress in complexity. Younger students will make letters into words; older students will make words into sentences. Keep in mind, words do not have to be letter-spelling illustrations. Students can create poses and movements that give a demonstrative illustration of the word.
- 6. If students have mastered this activity, give them a simple book to explore and narrate through movement. For example, use Great Day for Up by Dr. Seuss, or The Gruffalo by Julia Donaldson.

#### **Grade Level Progression:**

**K–1**: Use letter cards only.

**2–3:** Add sight words to the activity.

**4–5:** Allow students to create their own words or stories.





#### **WORDLES**

UNIVERSAL DESIGN ADAPTATIONS  Use 1 card. Demonstrate and perform the letter or word as a class or in small groups with an adult assisting.

ACADEMIC LANGUAGE Actively Engage, Balance, Base of Support, Enjoy, Extend, Flex, Muscle Tension, Positive, Self-Expression, Social Interaction, Transfer Weight

STANDARDS & OUTCOMES ADDRESSED

- Standard 1 [E7.K-4 & 5] Maintains momentary stillness on different bases of support (Ka); Forms wide, narrow, curled, and twisted body shapes (Kb); Maintains stillness on different bases of support with different body shapes (1); Balances on different bases of support, combining levels and shapes (2a); Balances in an inverted position with stillness and supportive base (2b); Balances on different bases of support, demonstrating muscle tension and extensions of free body parts (3); Combines balance & transferring weight in a gymnastics sequence or dance with a partner (5).
- Standard 3 [E2.K-5] Actively participates in physical education class (K); Actively engages in physical education class (1); Actively engages in physical education class in response to instruction and practice (2); Engages in the activities of physical education class without teacher prompting (3); Actively engages in the activities of physical education class, both teacher-directed and independent (4); Actively engages in all the activities of physical education (5).
- Standard 5 [E3.K-2] Identifies physical activities that are enjoyable (Ka); Discusses the enjoyment of playing with friends (Kb); Describes positive feelings that result from participating in physical activities (1a); Discusses personal reasons for enjoying physical activities. (the "why") (1b); Identifies physical activities that provide self-expression (e.g., dance, gymnastics routines, practice tasks/games environment) (2).
- Standard 5 [E4.3-5] Describes the positive social interactions that come when

#### DEBRIEF QUESTIONS

#### **Questions for Grades K-2**

- DOK 1: How can you recognize a positive feeling?
- DOK 2: What do you know about having fun with your friends?
- DOK 3: How can you help your friends have more fun in physical education class?

#### **Questions for Grades 3-5**

- **DOK 1:** What would you include on a list about positive social interaction?
- **DOK 2**: How do your behavior and actions affect social interactions?
- **DOK 3:** If a friend is having difficulty with an activity, what could you do to help them have a more positive experience?

TEACHING STRATEGY FOCUS **Organize students to interact with content.** The Wordles activity creates a learning environment that provides shared experience through physical activity and movement exploration. By focusing on the social aspects of the activity, students can focus their experience on positive behaviors and communication while enjoying the challenges of yoga-style movements. This sets the stage for positive activity experiences in the future.





**YOGA** 

#### **DEVELOPING A FLOW**

#### **TEACHING CUES**

- Active Listening
- Focus on Form and Safety
- Maintain Balance

#### STUDENT TARGETS

- **Skill:** I will transfer weight to different body parts while twisting, bending, and curling.
- **Cognitive:** I will discuss ways I can express myself through physical activity.
- **Fitness:** I will demonstrate flexibility and muscular fitness while performing yoga poses.
- Personal & Social Responsibility: I will discuss reasons why I enjoy physical activity.

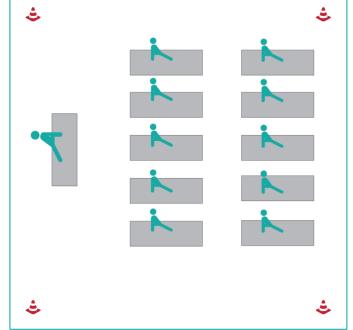
#### **ACTIVITY SET-UP & PROCEDURE**

#### **Equipment:**

- 1 Animal Flow Reference Card
- 1 yoga mat per student
- Add additional Flow Reference Cards

#### Set-Up:

- 1. Scatter yoga mats in the activity area facing the teacher (short end to the front).
- 2. Each student at a mat.
- **3.** Place the teacher's mat perpendicular to the student's mats.
- **4.** Display the Animal Flow Reference Card using a projector or printed task cards.



#### **Activity Procedures:**

- 1. Today's activity is called Developing A Flow. We will combine different poses into short routines called a flow. Each flow can be used to tell or create a story.
- 2. To start, follow my demonstrations for each pose. Focus on balance as you transfer your body weight and move from 1 pose to the next.
- **3.** Once we learn and get good at each pose, and we can demonstrate dynamic balance as we move from 1 to the next, we'll combine them from start to finish in a flow (movement story).
- **4.** We'll complete the 1st flow together. When you're ready, we can break up into small groups and learn new flows and create new stories.
- **5.** Again, if students master this activity, give them a book to explore like *The Gruffalo* by Julia Donaldson. **Grade Level Progression:**
- **K–1:** Introduce each pose individually with a focus on form and balance before moving on to work through a sequence of poses. Teachers create and lead each flow's story.
- **2–3:** Review poses and then move on to focus on transfers from 1 pose to the next. Allow students to modify and create movement stories.
- **4–5:** Students work in small groups and create their own flow and storyline.







#### **DEVELOPING A FLOW**

UNIVERSAL DESIGN ADAPTATIONS

- Teachers create basic flows that match the skills and abilities of students.
- Teachers provide visual and auditory cues to assist students in individual or small group settings.

ACADEMIC LANGUAGE

Base of Support, Balance, Bend, Confidence, Courage, Curl, Enjoy, Fear, Flexibility, Imagination, Muscular Fitness, Self-Expression, Stretch, Transfer Weight, Twist, Yoga Pose

STANDARDS & OUTCOMES ADDRESSED

- Standard 1 [E10.K-5] Contrasts the actions of curling and stretching (K); Demonstrates twisting, curling, bending, and stretching actions (1); Differentiates among twisting, curling, bending, and stretching actions (2); Moves into and out of gymnastics balances with curling, twisting, and stretching actions (3); Performs curling, twisting, and stretching actions with correct application in dance, gymnastics, and small-sided practice tasks/games environments (5).
- **Standard 1 [E11.2]** Combines balances and transfers into a three-part sequence (i.e., dance, gymnastics) (2).
- Standard 5 [E3.K-5] Identifies physical activities that are enjoyable (Ka); Discusses the enjoyment of playing with friends (Kb); Describes positive feelings that result from participating in physical activities (1a); Discusses personal reasons for enjoying physical activities. (the "why") (1b); Identifies physical activities that provide self-expression (e.g., dance, gymnastics routines, practice tasks/games environment) (2).Reflects on the reasons for enjoying selected physical activities (3); Ranks the enjoyment of participating in different physical activities (4); Analyzes different physical activities for enjoyment and challenge, identifying reasons for a positive or negative response (5).

#### DEBRIEF QUESTIONS

#### **Questions for Grades K-5**

- **DOK 1:** How would you describe a person who is enjoying a physical activity? What would they look like?
- **DOK 2:** What physical activities do you enjoy?

#### **Questions for Grades 3-5**

- **DOK 1:** What is self-expression?
- **DOK 2:** How many different ways do you know that a person can express themself?
- **DOK 3:** How is self-expression related to the yoga flows that you performed?
- **DOK 4:** Let's create a movement story with a new yoga flow that helps us express the story to others.

TEACHING STRATEGY FOCUS Help students examine their reasoning. The debrief questions above are designed to help students examine their experiences with this module and process the logic that connects enjoyment and self-expression to physical activity experiences. Enjoyment is an important aspect of developing a habit of health-enhancing physical activity, and everyone experiences enjoyment in different ways and for different reasons. Be purposeful during these discussions and take the time to help students explore their own reasonings.





**MEDITATION** 

#### **BREATHING BAGS**

#### TEACHING CUES

#### STUDENT TARGETS

- **Skill:** I will demonstrate belly breathing techniques with mindful focus.
- **Cognitive:** I will compare and contrast my feelings/emotions before and after performing the breathing exercise.
- **Fitness:** I will mindfully participate in the activity to relax my mind and body.
- Personal & Social Responsibility: I will demonstrate respect for myself and others by quietly participating.
- \_\_\_\_\_\_
- Inhale Through NoseExhale Through Mouth
- Breathe into Your Belly
- Beanbag Moves with Each Breath
- Still and Quiet Body and Mind

#### ACTIVITY SET-UP & PROCEDURE

#### **Equipment:**

- 1 yoga mat per student
- 1 bean bag per student
- Calm, quiet music or guided reflection
- Breathing Bags Exit Slips

#### Set-Up:

- 1. Lay yoga mats throughout the area, either scattered or in a row formation. Leave a large amount of self-space around each mat.
- 2. Each student at a mat with 1 bean bag.

# 

#### **Activity Procedures:**

- 1. Today's activity is called Breathing Bag. We're going to use the breathing technique known as "belly breathing."
- **2.** Lay down on your yoga mat. Find a comfortable position on your back.
- 3. Place the "breathing bag" (bean bag) on your belly.
- **4.** Close your eyes and focus on your breathing. Teachers: ask, "Are you breathing into your chest or your belly?"
- **5.** Continue to inhale and exhale. Stay focused and mindful of the position of the beanbag. Is it moving, or is it still?
- **6.** Now focus on making the beanbag move up when you inhale and down when you exhale by breathing into your belly. If the beanbag falls off your belly, simply pick it up and place it back in position.
- 7. Repeat for several minutes.

#### **Grade Level Progression:**

**K–2:** Students start belly breathing practice by following the verbal cues for each breath. After 1 minute, the students set their own personal pace.

**3–4**: Students can begin belly breathing practice on their own with an appropriate pace for inhales and exhales.

**5:** Give students a moment to express their feelings with a single word before and after belly breathing. Provide an opportunity for students to expand on their expression in on the lesson exit slip.





#### **BREATHING BAGS**

UNIVERSAL DESIGN ADAPTATIONS

- Provide students with pillow-like items to support their necks and/or knees.
- Prompt students to perform belly breathing while sitting up straight in a meditative position.

ACADEMIC LANGUAGE

Belly Breathing, Calm, Emotions, Exhale, Feelings, Focus, Inhale, Mindful, Quiet, Relaxation, Stress

STANDARDS & OUTCOMES ADDRESSED

- Standard 4 [E1.K-5] Follows directions in group settings (e.g., safe behaviors, following rules, taking turns) (K); Accepts personal responsibility by using equipment and space appropriately (1); Practices skills with minimal teacher prompting (2); Exhibits personal responsibility in teacher-directed activities (3); Exhibits responsible behavior in independent group situations (4); Engages in physical activity with responsible interpersonal behavior (e.g., peer to peer, student to teacher, student to referee) (5).
- Standard 5 [E2.K-5] Acknowledges that some physical activities are challenging/difficult (K); Recognizes that challenge in physical activities can lead to success (1); Compares physical activities that bring confidence and challenge (2); Discusses the challenge that comes from learning a new physical activity (3); Rates the enjoyment of participating in challenging and mastered physical activities (4); Expresses (via written essay, visual art, creative dance) the enjoyment and/or challenge of participating in a favorite physical activity (5).

DEBRIEF QUESTIONS

- DOK1: How did you feel before our breathing activity? How did you feel after?
- **DOK2:** Compare and contrast your feelings before and after the exercise. In what ways did you feel the same? In what ways did you feel different?
- **DOK3:** How is focus related to belly breathing? Can you describe how you kept your focus and ignored distractions?

TEACHING STRATEGY FOCUS Manage response rates with tiered questioning techniques. The depth of knowledge (DOK) debrief questions provided on each OPEN activity plan provide a functional example of a tiered questioning sequence. As you use these examples in your lessons, be mindful of how your students are responding to each question. This will help you recognize opportunities to help them advance to higher-order thinking or the need to review content that has not yet been learned.





**MEDITATION** 

#### **RELAX AND REFLECT**

#### **TEACHING CUES**

- Sit Comfortably
- Still and Quiet Body and Mind
- Listen and Breathe
- Breathe Into Your Belly

#### STUDENT TARGETS

- **Skill:** I will demonstrate belly breathing techniques while focusing on stillness of my mind and body.
- **Cognitive:** I will discuss my feelings before and after this relaxation activity.
- **Fitness:** I will actively participate in order to calm my mind and body.
- Personal & Social Responsibility: I will demonstrate respect

for myself and my classmates by demonstrating relaxation etiquette.

#### **ACTIVITY SET-UP & PROCEDURE**

#### **Equipment:**

- 1 yoga mat per student
- Guided Relaxation Audio Track
- Relax and Reflect Exit Slips

#### Set-Up:

- 1. Lay yoga mats in a circle or even rows.
- 2. Send each student to a mat.

# 

#### **Activity Procedures:**

- 1. This activity is called Relax and Reflect. We'll learn how to relax and calm our minds and bodies by listening to instructions that we can follow.
- 2. Sit (or lay down) on your mat in a comfortable position.
- 3. Listen to the recording, focus on the words, and practice belly breathing.
- 4. Follow the instructions you hear to help you relax your body and calm your mind.

#### **Grade Level Progression:**

**K–1:** Students follow the instructions provided.

**2–3:** Students script their own reflection based on teacher prompts. During their reflection, students include reasons why they enjoy yoga and mindfulness activities.

**4–5:** Give students a moment before and after this activity to describe their feelings with a single word. Use an exit slip to give them the opportunity to write about why they chose the words that they selected.





#### **RELAX AND REFLECT**

UNIVERSAL DESIGN ADAPTATIONS

• Give students the option to choose a comfortable relaxation pose (e.g., sitting against a wall for support, laying on their mats, etc.).

ACADEMIC LANGUAGE

Belly Breathing, Calm, Emotions, Exhale, Feelings, Focus, Inhale, Mindful, Quiet, Relaxation, Stress

STANDARDS & OUTCOMES ADDRESSED

- Standard 4 [E5.K-5] Recognizes the established protocol for class activities (K); Exhibits the established protocols for class activities (1); Recognizes the role of rules and etiquette in teacher-designed physical activities (2); Recognizes the role of rules and etiquette in physical activity with peers (3); Exhibits etiquette and adherence to rules in a variety of physical activities (4); Critiques the etiquette involved in rules of various game activities (5).
- Standard 5 [E3.K-5] Identifies physical activities that are enjoyable (Ka); Describes positive feelings that result from participating in physical activities (1a); Discusses personal reasons for enjoying physical activities. (the "why") (1b); Identifies physical activities that provide self-expression (e.g., dance, gymnastics routines, practice tasks/games environment) (2); Reflects on the reasons for enjoying selected physical activities (3); Ranks the enjoyment of participating in different physical activities (4); Analyzes different physical activities for enjoyment and challenge, identifying reasons for a positive or negative response (5).

#### **DEBRIEF** QUESTIONS

- **DOK 1:** How can you recognize when your mind and body are feeling stress?
- **DOK 1:** How can you recognize when your mind and body are feeling relaxed?
- **DOK 2:** Compare and contrast how your mind and body felt before and after this activity.
- **DOK 3:** How can you use what you've learned about breathing and relaxation when your body and mind are experiencing stress?
- DOK 4: Let's write a very short reflection that we can say to ourselves when we feel stressed.

TEACHING STRATEGY FOCUS **Help students process content.** Practicing guided reflection and relaxation is, in itself, a very beneficial practice for students. But in order to help them understand the application of this practice in their daily lives, it's critical to discuss that application and give them the opportunity to elaborate on how they believe guided relaxation can help them manage personal stress.





#### SAMPLE LESSON PLAN

#### FOCUS outcomes

- Standard 1 [E7.3 & 5] Balances on different bases of support, demonstrating muscle tension and extensions of free body parts (3); Combines balance and transferring weight in a gymnastics sequence or dance with a partner (5).
- Standard 4 [E1.K-5] Follows directions in group settings (e.g., safe behaviors, following rules, taking turns) (K); Accepts personal responsibility by using equipment and space appropriately (1); Practices skills with minimal teacher prompting (2); exhibits personal responsibility in teacher-directed activities (3); Exhibits responsible behavior in independent group situations (4); Engages in physical activity with responsible interpersonal behavior (e.g., peer to peer, student to teacher) (5).
- Standard 5 [E4.3-5] Describes the positive social interactions that come when engaged with others in physical activity (3); Describes/compares the positive social interactions when engaged in partner, small-group, and large-group physical activities (4); Describes the social benefits gained from participating in physical activity (e.g., recess, youth sport) (5).

#### FOCUS targets

- **Skill:** I will demonstrate a variety of static balance positions and transfer my weight in order to flow from 1 position to the next with my classmates.
- Cognitive: I will discuss the way my body is moving as I create shapes and balances.
- Fitness: I will demonstrate safe behaviors while being physically active.
- **Personal & Social Responsibility:** I will discuss the positive social interactions that happen when I'm active with classmates.

#### ACADEMIC LANGUAGE

- Base of Support
- Safe Behaviors
- Social Interaction
- Feelings
- Mindfulness
- Self-Control

SELECTED ASSESSMENT

- Holistic Rubric
- Student Self-Assessment









#### SAMPLE LESSON PLAN

	TRANSITION NOTES	ACTIVITY	DEBRIEF
INSTANT ACTIVITY	Students enter the activity area and gather at Academic Language Wall to review the words "Mindfulness" and "Self-Control." Then, pair students and send to spots for mindfulness activity.  (ABC Flash Cards and hoops are already set up.)	Relaxation Reflection	pok 1: How does it feel when a muscle is tense? How does it feel when a muscle is relaxed?  pok 2: What is the difference between being tense and being relaxed?  pok 3: How is mindfulness related to tension and relaxation?
<b>2</b> LEARNING TASK	Transition to Make Your Shape with a focus on safe behaviors and base of support.	Make Your Shape	DOK1: What would you include on a list about positive social interaction during physical activity?  DOK 2: How does your personal attitude affect social interactions?
3 LEARNING TASK	Students move to the equipment collection area and pick up a bean bag. Then they return to their spot marker to begin the meditation activity.	Breathing Bags	DOK1: How did you feel before our breathing activity? How did you feel after? DOK2: Compare and contrast your feelings before and after the exercise. In what ways did you feel the same? In what ways did you feel different?
4 EXIT ASSESSMENT	Immediately after Breathing Bags, so assessments and pencils, and comp for the teacher to arrive.		_

# **ACTIVELY ENGAGE**

(verb)

To participate in an activity while showing genuine interest and a desire for excellence.

Julia's desire to **actively engage** shows in her great enthusiasm during class.







# **ASYMMETRICAL**

(adjective)

Having parts or aspects that are not equal or equivalent in some respect.

The yoga pose was **asymmetrical** in shape, which meant Deedi had to really focus in order to maintain her balance.







# **BALANCE**

(noun)

The ability to maintain the body in proper equilibrium.

David practiced his **balance** on the playground by walking across narrow platforms.







# **BASE OF SUPPORT**

(noun)

The area beneath a person that includes all points of contact the person makes with the supporting surface.

While the students were working with dumbbells, the benches served as their **bases of support**.







# **BELLY BREATHING**

(noun)

Also known as diaphragmatic breathing. Deep breathing that is done by contracting the diaphragm and abdominal muscles, with air entering the lungs and expanding the belly.

To get the students to relax so he could start his lesson, Mr. Smith had them practice **belly breathing**.







#### BEND

(verb)

# To move a body part into a curve or angle.

At the school dance, Kyle had to **bend** backwards to go underneath the Limbo stick successfully.







#### BENEFIT

(noun)

An advantage gained from something.

Throughout the school year, the students learned the **benefits** of eating healthily through the use of MyPlate.







## BOUNDARY

(noun)

A line that marks the limits of an area for an activity.

The cones around the volleyball court served as a **boundary** inside which the class could set up their yoga mats.







## CALM

(adjective)

Not showing or feeling nervousness, anger, or other strong emotions.

With no outside distractions, all of the students were very **calm** during the yoga session.







## CIRCULATE

(verb)

To move continuously or freely through a closed system.

When Tami is nervous, her muscles tense, which makes it hard for her blood to **circulate** to her hands and feet.







## CONCERN

(noun)

A matter of interest or importance to someone.

The teachers showed **concern** for their students by adding safety rules to recess.







## CONFIDENCE

(noun)

Belief in oneself and one's powers or abilities.

Once Mike understood how to use the weight machines correctly, he had the **confidence** to go to the weight room.







## CONSTRICT

(verb)

To become narrower so that movement within is slowed.

When you tighten your muscles, it causes blood vessels to **constrict**, which makes blood flow more difficult.







## CONTRIBUTE

(verb)

To give something in order to help achieve or provide something.

Cary scored three goals to **contribute** to her soccer team's big win!







## COOPERATE

(verb)

To act with others toward the same end or purpose.

It is important for the basketball team to **cooperate** with each other in order to win the state championship.







## COURAGE

(noun)

Bold confidence that allows a person to persevere in the face of great challenge, uncertainty, discomfort, and fear.

Maddy was nervous about her final class presentation, but she knew if she was well prepared, she'd have the **courage** to do it.







## **CURL**

(verb)

To form or cause to form into a curved or spiral shape.

During the fitness unit, the students **curled** their biceps to increase their strength.







#### DEMONSTRATE

(verb)

To show or perform an action for others to see.

Jenna went up in front of the class to **demonstrate** balance for the other students.







## **DYNAMIC**

(adjective)

A system, process, or environment that is constantly changing.

Georgia's ability to move from one pose to the next demonstrates her outstanding **dynamic** balance.







## **ELEVATED**

(adjective)

A level or amount that is higher or greater than what is normal.

When Kendra is nervous, her heart rate becomes **elevated**.







## **EMOTIONS**

(noun)

A natural instinctive state of mind coming from one's circumstances, mood, or relationships with others.

Steve couldn't control all of his **emotions** after winning the most outstanding student-athlete award.







## **ENDURANCE**

(noun)

The ability or strength to continue or last. Stamina.

Billy showed strong **endurance** when he was the last to finish the Pacer Test.







## **ENJOY**

(verb)

To take pleasure from an activity.

Ivan **enjoys** yoga because it helps him calm his mind and body.







## ETIQUETTE

(noun)

The set of customary or acceptable behaviors among members of a group or in a specific setting.

At the beginning of the school year, we go over classroom **etiquette** so that we all understand how to play respectfully.







## **EXHALE**

(verb)

To breathe out.

In yoga, students should **exhale** slowly and with control, not fast and uncontrolled.







## **EXTEND**

(verb)

To cause to cover a larger area; make longer or wider.

On defense, the basketball team makes sure to **extend** their arms to cover more space.







## **FEAR**

(noun)

An unpleasant emotion caused by the belief that someone or something is dangerous, likely to cause pain, or a threat.

John's **fear** during yoga was that he wouldn't know a yoga pose when everyone else did.







## **FEELINGS**

(noun)

Emotional states or reactions.

As a good friend, Alex cares about his classmates' **feelings** and always tries to be kind.







## **FLEX**

(verb)

To bend or to become bent.

Asia could feel her body **flex** as she moved from one yoga pose to the next.







## **FLEXIBILITY**

(noun)

The ability to bend and move the joints through the full range of motion.

You can tell the gymnastics team has great **flexibiltiy** just by watching their movements.







## **FLOW**

(noun)

A mental state in an activity where one is fully immeresed in a feeling of energized focus, with full involvement and enjoyment.

The teacher could tell by the students' wide eyes and active engagement that they were in a state of **flow**.







## **FLOW**

(noun)

An action in which something moves in a steady, continuous way.

The yoga flow was smooth from start to finish.







## **FOCUS**

(verb)

To pay close attention to someone or something.

The new activity was new and complex to the students, so they had to **focus** closely to the instructions.







## **GENERAL SPACE**

(noun)

The area within a boundary in which a person can move using different types of locomotion.

It's important to stay alert and watch where we are moving as we travel safely in **general space**.







## **GOOD HEALTH**

(noun)

A state of being free from illness or injury.

As he grew older, Frank continued to exercise frequently so that he would stay in **good health**.







## HEARTBEAT

(noun)

A single pulse of the heart.

When Jonnie held still, she could feel her **heartbeat**.







## **HEART RATE**

(noun)

The speed of the heartbeat, measured in beats per minute.

Franklin could control his **heart rate** by practicing mindful breathing.







## IMAGINATION

(noun)

The ability of the mind to be creative or resourceful.

Mr. Jones wanted his class to use their **imaginations** to create their own yoga programs.







## INDEPENDENTLY

(adverb)

The state of being free from outside control or lead.

Mrs. Reynolds had her class work **independently**, rather than in groups, so she could test their knowledge of the reading.







## INHALE

(verb)

To breathe in.

An important part of meditating is to deeply, slowly **inhale**.







#### LOCOMOTOR MOVEMENT

(noun)

Movements that help the body move through space.

Walking and running are both locomotor movements.







#### LOOSE

(noun)

The feeling of having relative freedom of movement.

After stretching out, the students felt **loose** and ready to start the class.







#### MINDFUL

(adjective)

A state of awareness relating to one's immediate surroundings, as well as the activity happening around oneself.

When switching yoga poses, the students were **mindful** of their surroundings so that they didn't bump into anyone else.







#### **MINDFULNESS**

(noun)

A mental state achieved by focusing one's awareness on the present moment while calmly acknowledging and accepting one's feelings, thoughts, and bodily sensations.

Mindfulness is a practice used in meditation and yoga to be able to focus and understand your internal and external environment.







#### **MUSCLE TENSION**

(noun)

A condition where muscles of the body remain semi-contracted for an extended period of time.

The fans started to feel **muscle tension** after sitting on the bleachers throughout the three-hour football game.







### MUSCULAR FITNESS

(noun)

The combined status of muscular strength and muscular endurance.

The football team combined strength and endurance exercises to work on their **muscular fitness**.







#### **PATIENCE**

(noun)

The ability or willingness to suppress restlessness or annoyance when confronted with delay.

Annie showed **patience** as she waited for the rest of her classmates to quiet down so that the lesson could start.







#### PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

(noun)

Any physical movement that uses the body's energy.

Everyone should participate in some kind of **physical activity** or exercise each day.







#### **POSE**

(noun)

A particular way of holding your body, ususally for a specific effect or purpose.

Ami held the yoga **pose** in order to both stretch and strengthen her muscles.







#### **POSITIVE**

(adjective)

The feeling of being constructive, optimistic, or confident.

Mary was **positive** that if she ate breakfast every morning, she would have more energy throughout the day.







# POSITIVE LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

(noun)

A place where students feel comfortable, safe, and believe they can be successful.

Mr. Hope cared about all of his students and created a positive learning **environment** for everyone to enjoy.







#### QUITE

(adverb)

To a certain or fairly significant extent or degree.

The runner is almost recovered from his injury, but not **quite** yet.







#### **RAPID**

(adjective)

Happening at a fast pace.

After playing tag, the students could feel their **rapid** heartrate.







#### RELAX

(verb)

## To make or become less tense or anxious.

Before the final exam, the students practiced yoga during physical education class in order to **relax**.







#### RELAXATION

(noun)

A state of feeling free from tension or anxiety.

When the school bell rings to signal summer, the students feel nothing but a sense of **relaxation**.







#### RESPECT

(noun)

A feeling of deep admiration for someone or something due to their abilities, qualities, or achievements.

The students practiced **respect** by complimenting each other.







#### SAFE

(adjective)

## Protected against physical, social, and emotional harm.

The class practiced **safe** movements during the yoga activities.







#### SAFE BEHAVIORS

(noun)

Deliberate actions that consider the well-being of the individual, group, and physical environment.

Physical education teachers demonstrate **safe behaviors** to help students stay safe during class.







#### **SELF-CONTROL**

(noun)

The ability to effectively handle one's emotions and/or behaviors in a particular situation.

When Jeff got angry during an activity, he showed great **self-control** by quickly calming himself back down.







#### **SELF-EXPRESSION**

(noun)

The showing of one's personality and/or emotions through art, dance, music, athletics, and other settings.

The artwork that the students created for the art show were great examples of **self-expression**.







#### **SELF-REGULATE**

(verb)

To bring your behavior or body systems under mindful control.

Caleb is good at **self-regulating** his mind and body, even when the cafeteria is very noisy.







#### **SELF-SPACE**

(noun)

The area around a person in which they feel comfortable but would become uncomfortable if someone or something enters.

We practice yoga in **self-space** so that everyone stays safe.







#### SEQUENCE

(noun)

A set of related events, movements, or things that follow each other in a particular order.

The things we learn in physical education are put together into a **sequence** that will show progression over time.







#### **SLOW**

(adjective)

Moving or acting at a low speed.

Leo's movements were **slow** as he practiced downward-facing dog.







#### SOCIAL INTERACTION

(noun)

An exchange of communication between two or more individuals.

We can learn a lot from other people if we value **social interaction**.







#### STATIC

(adjective)

The act of being still during exercise with lack of movement or change.

The yoga teacher wanted her students to hold static poses for 10 seconds.







#### **STILLNESS**

(noun)

The absence of movement or sound.

There was a sense of **stillness** in the room when the meditation session began.







#### STRENGTH

(noun)

The state of being physically strong during an activity.

Tom showed great **strength** when he was lifting heavy dumbbells in the weight room.







#### **STRESS**

(noun)

A physical or emotional event or condition that causes the body to become tense and prepare for a crisis.

James felt the **stress** of the big game building up in his mind and body.







#### STRESS REDUCTION

(noun)

Cutting back your stress levels by participating in activites that make you feel calm and relaxed.

Josh will go outside and shoot baskets between homework assignments because its his favorite form of **stress reduction**.







#### STRETCH

(verb)

The act of straightening, extending, and/or bending one's limbs or body.

The soccer coach had his team **stretch** before every practice in order to avoid injury.







#### SYMMETRICAL

(adjective)

Having parts or aspects that are equal or equivalent in some respect.

Beatrice felt balanced in the yoga pose because her feet were **symmetrical** and created a strong base of support.







#### **TAKE TURNS**

(verb)

When two or more people do or use something alternately.

If the gym is crowded, students can **take turns** using the equipment.







#### **TEMPERATURE**

(noun)

A measurement of hotness or coldness.

Andy checks the **temperature** in the morning to help him plan what to wear to school.







#### **TENSE**

(adjective)

When the body's muscles feel rigid or stiff.

After the long bus ride to school, the students' backs were **tense** and stiff.







#### **TENSION**

(noun)

Unrest or imbalance in one's physical or emotional state.

Joshua felt **tension** build when his teammates could not agree on the rules of the game.







## THERMOMETER

(noun)

An piece of equipment used to measure temperature.

The school nurse uses a **thermometer** when she needs to see if students have a fever.







# **TIGHT**

(adjective)

Muscles pulled to a full extent in a firm and compact manner.

The students pulled the resistance bands **tight** so their muscles would be challenged.







# TRANSFER WEIGHT

(verb)

A shift weight from one leg to another.

The students **transferred their weight** when hopping from one foot to another.







# **TWIST**

(verb)

Form into a bent or distorted shape.

The yoga poses required students to **twist** into different shapes.







# YOGA

(noun)

An Eastern exercise discipline that includes breath control, mental focus/meditation, and the adoption of specific body postures intended to improve physical, mental, and spiritual health.

Many people find **yoga** to be a good way to reduce stress and strengthen their bodies.







# YOGA POSE

(noun)

A position or posture typically performed as part of a yoga practice.

During the yoga class, students changed their body positions to represent different **yoga poses**.







## **Relaxation Mirror Task Card**

1	Face	(Trans	<b>Tense</b> (Tight)	Relaxed (Loose)
2 Hands	Hands	57	Tense	Relaxed
		(Tight)	(Loose)	
3	Arms	Tense	Relaxed	
3			(Tight)	(Loose)
4	Shoulders	<b>Tense</b>	Relaxed	
		(Tight)	(Loose)	
5 St	Stomach	tomach	<b>Tense</b>	Relaxed
	Otomacm	(Tight)	(Loose)	
6	Legs	<b>Tense</b>	Relaxed	
		(Tight)	(Loose)	
7	Feet	Tense	Relaxed	
		(Tight)	(Loose)	







#### MINDFULNESS SCRIPT

#### PROGRESSIVE RELAXATION

#### **Hands & Arms**

Imagine you're making orange juice by squeezing an orange in your right hand. Squeeze it as hard as you can. Squeeze all of the juice out of the orange. Feel the muscles tighten in your arm as you squeeze. It's time to let go of the orange and relax. Notice how your hand and arm feel now that they're relaxed. Breathe deeply and exhale. (Repeat with the left hand.)

#### **Arms and Shoulders**

Pretend you're a tiger and you want to stretch. Stretch your arms way out in front of you and then lift them up high over your head. Stretch your shoulders, arms, and fingers as high as you can. Now, let your arms slowly fall back to your sides. Breathe deeply and exhale. (Repeat.)

#### Stomach

Pretend you're going to let a dinosaur step on your stomach to cross over a deep puddle of water. Don't move. Get ready for its foot. Make your stomach muscles tight and very hard. Hold it tight while it takes the step. It passed over and now you can relax. Let your stomach get soft. Relax your stomach muscles and much as you can. That feels so much better. Breathe deeply and exhale. (Repeat.)

#### Legs and Feet

Now pretend that you are standing barefoot on a beach. Push your toes down and burry them deep into the wet sand. Use all of your leg muscles to push down, spread your toes, and feel the sand push between your toes. Now, step out of the sand and relax your feet. Let your toes, your feet, and your legs become relaxed. Breathe deeply and exhale. (Repeat.)





### MOVEMENT SEQUENCE

### **Movement Sequence**

(modify for fun with safe and active movements)

March in Place with High Knees

Jog in Place with Control

Jog in Place with Control

Brr ... I Am Cold!

Invisible Jump Rope, Slow

Invisible Jump Rope, Medium

Invisible Jump Rope, Fast

Brr ... I Am Cold!

Hop in Place, Right Foot

Hop in Place, Left Foot

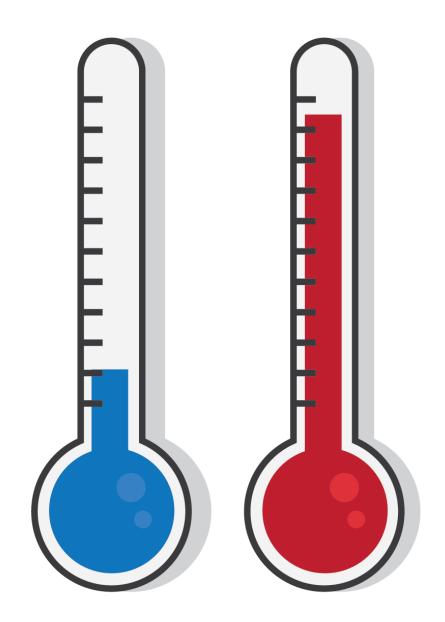
Two-Foot Jumps in Place with Control

Brr ... I Am Cold!





## **THERMOMETER**



COLD HOT

















PRINT & CUT

W





3	





PRINT & CUT

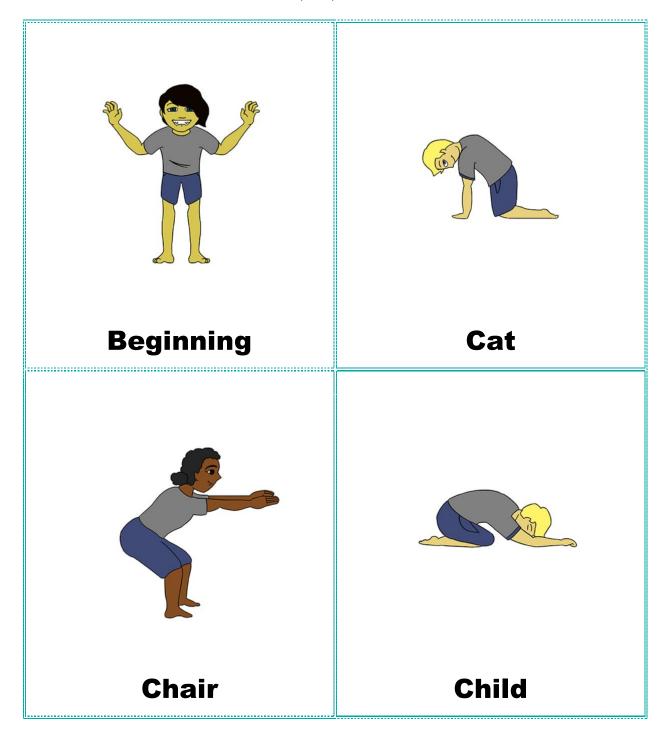
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## PRINT & CUT

## **Yoga Pose Cards**

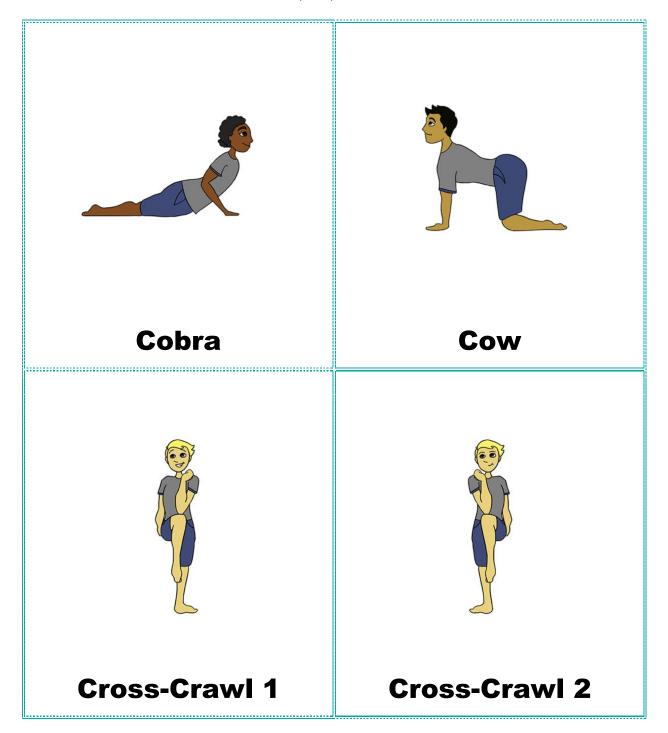






## PRINT & CUT

### **Yoga Pose Cards**



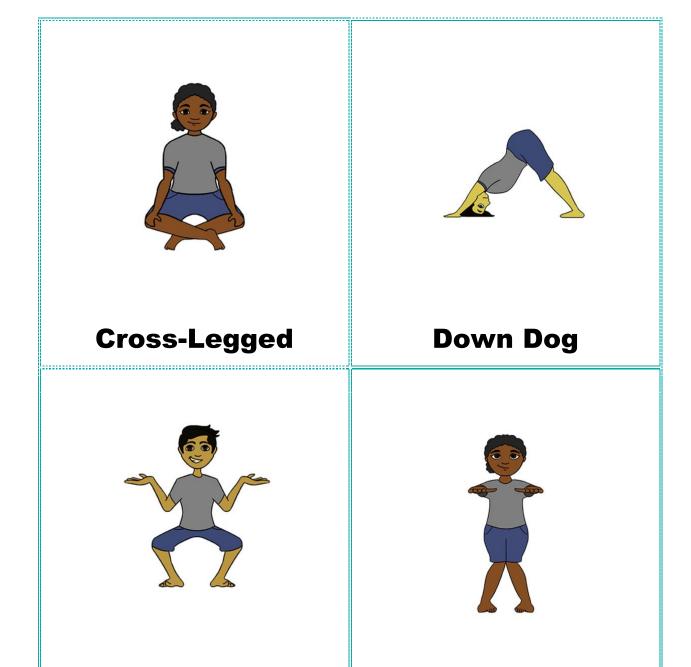




## PRINT & CUT

### **Yoga Pose Cards**

Print, Cut, Laminate



**Knobby-Knees** 

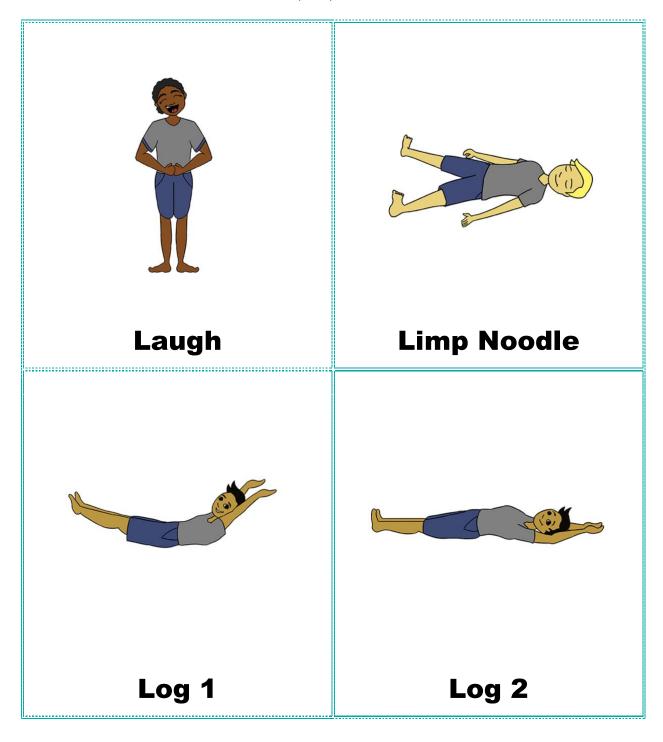
**Goddess** 





## PRINT & CUT

### **Yoga Pose Cards**

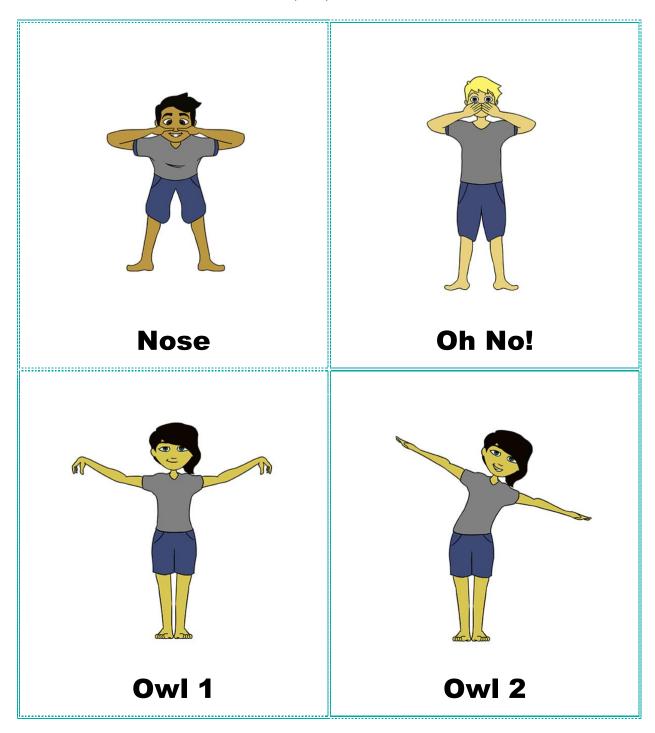






## PRINT & CUT

## **Yoga Pose Cards**

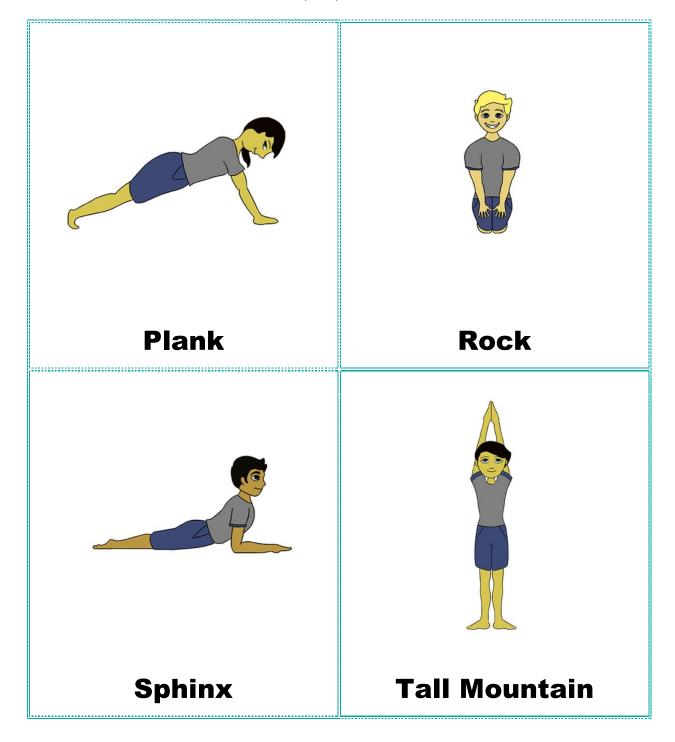






## PRINT & CUT

### **Yoga Pose Cards**

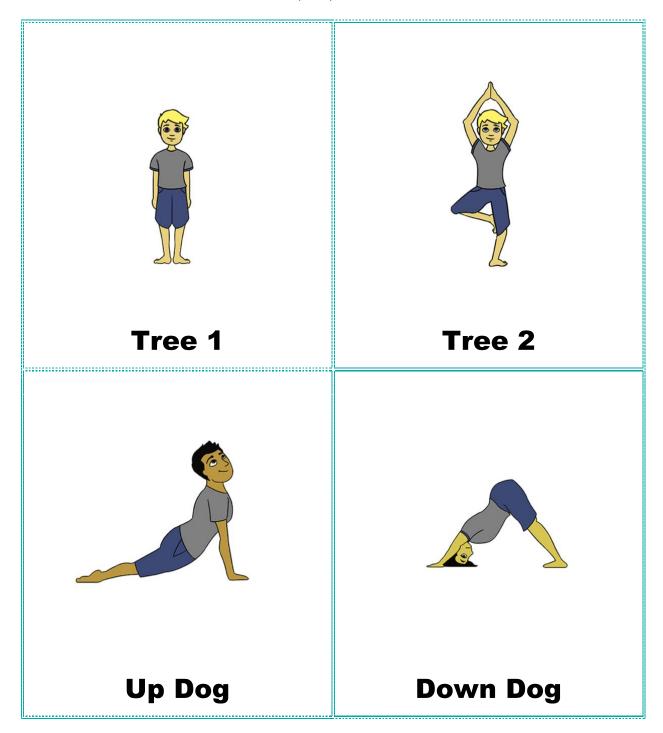






## PRINT & CUT

### **Yoga Pose Cards**





#### **Quick Reference Activity Card: Sun Salutations**

Students' mats are in a staggered format, short sides facing the teacher.

Alternatively, students' mats can be in a circle around the teacher.

Each full round takes approx. 3 minutes. Repeat, alternating right and left leg lead for 6 rounds.

Stand in mountain pose and inhale.



Exhale. Hands to heart center or prayer.



Inhale. Reach up and back, keeping the biceps in the line with the ears and the palms facing forward. Push the hips forward and focus on extending the thoracic spine (upper back, vertebrae connected to the rib cage).



Exhale. Fold forward and down. Keep the arms in line with the biceps and the back flat. Line the finger tips up with the toe tips and bend the knees as much as you need in order to get your hands flat on the floor.



Continue to next card...



#### **Quick Reference Activity Card 2: Sun Salutations**

Inhale. Step back with the right leg, drop the back knee, and look up.



Retain the breath (hold) and step back to a plank position.



Exhale. Lower the chest down between the hands and the knees to the floor. Place the chin on the mat. Keep the hips up (like an inch worm).



Inhale. Slide forward into cobra pose, keeping the knees, hands, and feet in the same spot.



Continue to next card...



#### **Quick Reference Activity Card 3: Sun Salutations**

Exhale. Lift the knees off the floor and shift the hips back into an inverted "V," or downward-facing dog pose.



Inhale. Look between and the hands and step forward with the right foot. Place the foot between the hands, drop the back knee, and look up.



Exhale. Step forward with the left foot and bring the head to the knees.



Inhale. Reach the arms out with the hands palmsdown, and begin to stretch up and back. Keep the biceps in line with ears. Lift the chest and focus on thoracic extension.



Exhale. Drop the arms by the sides, returning to mountain pose.



Repeat from card 1...

## **Peer Teaching Activity Card 1: Sun Salutations**

Stand in mountain pose and inhale.



Exhale. Hands to heart center or prayer.



Inhale. Reach up and back, keeping the biceps in the line with the ears and the palms facing forward. Push the hips forward and focus on extending the spine.



## **Peer Teaching Activity Card 2: Sun Salutations**

Exhale. Fold forward and down. Keep the arms in line with the biceps and the back flat. Line the finger tips up with the toe tips and bend the knees as much as you need in order to get your hands flat on the floor.



Inhale. Step back with the right leg, drop the back knee, and look up.



Retain the breath (hold) and step back to a plank position.



## **Peer Teaching Activity Card 3: Sun Salutations**

Exhale. Lower the chest down between the hands and the knees to the floor. Place the chin on the mat. Keep the hips up (like an inch worm).



Inhale. Slide forward into cobra pose, keeping the knees, hands, and feet in the same spot.



Exhale. Lift the knees off the floor and shift the hips back into an inverted "V," or downward-facing dog pose.



## **Peer Teaching Activity Card 4: Sun Salutations**

Inhale. Look between and the hands and step forward with the right foot. Place the foot between the hands, drop the back knee, and look up.



Exhale. Step forward with the left foot and bring the head to the knees.



Inhale. Reach the arms out with the hands palms-down, and begin to stretch up and back. Keep the biceps in line with ears. Lift the chest and focus on thoracic extension.



Exhale. Drop the arms by the sides, returning to mountain pose.







Away	All
Big	Black
Blue	Brown
Come	Eat
Down	Good
Find	Have
Help	Like
Jump	Must
Play	Please
Run	Ran





After	Always
Again	Around
Fly	Before
Give	Best
Know	Fast
Live	Green
Open	Read
Over	Right
Stop	Tell
Thank	Work





About	Apple
Better	Baby
Clean	Bear
Draw	Bird
Drink	Coat
Grow	Duck
Kind	Feet
Laugh	Game
Light	Hand
Pick	Shoe

#### **Quick Reference Activity Card: Animal Flow**

Students' mats are in a staggered format, short ends facing the teacher.

Sit in hero's pose and breathe.



Inhale up into a kneeling position, then exhale and place hands back on the ankles one at a time. Push hips forward and breathe.



Exhale and fold forward, placing hands under the shoulders. Come into tabletop position. Inhale for cow pose, drop the belly and moo. Exhale for cat pose, round the back and meow.





Exhale. Fold forward and rest the head on the mat.



Continue to card 2...





#### **Quick Reference Activity Card 2: Animal Flow**

Inhale and place arms in front. Exhale up to an inverted "V," or downward-facing dog.



Inhale and reach the right leg up to the sky and stretch. Exhale to all four on the floor. Inhale the left leg up and stretch. Exhale to all four on the floor and then downward-facing dog.



Inhale and look toward the hands. Exhale and walk-step or jump the feet up between the hands. Bending the knees slightly (or more if needed), standing forward bend.



Inhale. Reach arms up to sky and sit back, coming into chair pose.



Exhale. Stand up into mountain pose.



Repeat from card 1...



#### **Quick Reference Activity Card: Yoga Flow 1**

Students' mats are in a staggered format, short ends facing the teacher.

Begin in mountain pose.



Inhale. Step back with the right foot and turn the foot to the right. Raise arms up by ear to come into Warrior I.



Exhale. Fold over the front leg and sweep arms back by sides to come into silver surfer.



Inhale and exhale. Frame the front foot with the hands.



Inhale up to Warrior III. Reach both arms forward and extend the back leg back.



On the next inhale, lower the foot and stand up in mountain pose. Repeat on the other side.







#### **Quick Reference Activity Card: Gruffalo**

Students' mats are in a staggered format, short ends facing the teacher.

Created for the book *The Gruffalo*.

Begin with a Cross Crawl "strolling" through the wood

Cross-lateral walking in place by touching the right elbow to the left knee and then the left elbow to the right knee

Use hands on head to create "mouse ears"

Drop down to all fours and up into downward facing dog (fox)

- Rock pose
- Hands on the shoulders swing left to right to the rhythm of the words
- Stop in rock pose
- Protrude lower jaw in front of the upper to show bottom teeth
- Hands to shoulder level making claws
- Show all teeth growling

Move into down dog (fox)

















#### **Quick Reference Activity Card: Gruffalo**

Begin with a Cross Crawl "strolling" through the wood

Cross-lateral walking in place by touching the right elbow to the left knee and then the left elbow to the right knee

Use hands on head to create "mouse ears"

Walk around flap arms (owl)

Tree top house

- Knobby Knees Chair & Gruffalo Combined
- Knobby knees: Chair pose with the knees together arms forward
- Protrude lower jaw in front of the upper to show bottom teeth
- Hands to shoulder level making claws
- Show all teeth growling



















#### **Quick Reference Activity Card: Gruffalo**

Mountain pretend to lick ice cream



- "There's no such thing as a GRUFFALO!" Knobby Knees Chair & Gruffalo Combined
- Knobby knees: Chair pose with the knees together arms forward
- Protrude lower jaw in front of the upper to show bottom teeth
- Hands to shoulder level making claws
- Show all teeth growling

Begin with a Cross Crawl "strolling" through the wood

Cross-lateral walking in place by touching the right elbow to the left knee and then the left elbow to the right knee

Use hands on head to create "mouse ears"









Squat to plank hold Lower to cobra (snake)









#### **Quick Reference Activity Card: Gruffalo**

Log roll (bundle rolls)





#### Move to Rock Pose

- Point to eyes
- Stick tongue out
- Cat Cow





#### "His favorite food is scrambled snake!" Everyone Wiggle ©

- "There's no such thing as a GRUFFALO!" Knobby Knees Chair & Gruffalo Combined
- Knobby knees: Chair pose with the knees together arms forward
- Protrude lower jaw in front of the upper to show bottom teeth
- Hands to shoulder level making claws
- Show all teeth growling





Repeat Gruffalo Sequence





#### **Quick Reference Activity Card: Gruffalo**

Knobby knees Turned out toes





Poisonous wart at the end of his nose Eyes (point to them) Tongue (Stick tongue out)



Purple Prickles





"Oh Help! Oh, no!"





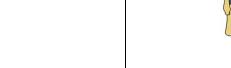


#### **Quick Reference Activity Card: Gruffalo**

"There's no such thing as a **GRUFFALO!**" Knobby Knees Chair & Gruffalo Combined

- Knobby knees: Chair pose with the knees together arms forward
- Protrude lower jaw in front of the upper to show bottom teeth
- Hands to shoulder level making claws
- Show all teeth growling

Cross Crawl as Mouse and Gruffalo go for a stroll



**Gruffalo Laughing** 

"I hear a hiss"

Drop to plank lower to cobra

Wiggle a little in cobra















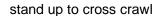




#### **Quick Reference Activity Card: Gruffalo**

Knobby Knees Chair & Gruffalo Combined

- Knobby knees: Chair pose with the knees together arms forward
- Protrude lower jaw in front of the upper to show bottom teeth
- Hands to shoulder level making claws
- Show all teeth growling



"I hear a hoot in the trees ahead"



- Knobby knees: Chair pose with the knees together arms forward
- Protrude lower jaw in front of the upper to show bottom teeth
- Hands to shoulder level making claws
- Show all teeth growling





















#### **Quick Reference Activity Card: Gruffalo**

Cross Crawl





"I hear some paws on the path ahead"



Knobby Knees Chair & Gruffalo Combined

- Knobby knees: Chair pose with the knees together arms forward
- Protrude lower jaw in front of the upper to show bottom teeth
- Hands to shoulder level making claws
- Show all teeth growling





Cross-Crawl

Add mouse ears

Stop make an "I'm scared" face and rub tummy on "Gruffalo Crumble"





Fall to the ground becoming limp noodles







## SELF-ASSESSMENT

	00405	01 400	
NAME:	GRADE:	CLASS:	
NAME:	GRADE	CLA33	

Draw faces in the circles to show how you feel about your Yoga and Mindfulness skills. If this is your pre-assessment, draw another face in the "goal" column to show how you think you could feel about your skills after some practice and hard work.

#### Look at these faces to help you decide what to draw.



This is new. I wish I could do better, and so I will keep trying my best to improve.



I'm getting better. Practice is helping, and I will keep trying my best to improve.



I can do this well. Practice worked, and now I want to keep learning more!

SKILL	PRE	GOAL	POST
Static Balance			
Dynamic Balance			
Belly Breathing			
Mindful Meditation			
Safety			





## HOLISTIC PERFORMANCE RUBRIC

GRADE:		CLASS:
	Proficient <b>4</b>	Consistently demonstrates balance for static and dynamic poses and flows. Discusses the benefits of mind/body activities, with details and examples drawn from personal experience. Always moves safely and with control. Conducts oneself safely and with consideration for others. Helps both self and others overcome challenges and consistently adds to a positive learning environment. Demonstrates the ability to mindfully calm the mind and body.
Competent 3		Maintains balance for both static and dynamic poses and flows. Discusses the connection between physical activity and good health. Moves in personal and general space safely and with control. Conducts oneself safely without disrupting the learning environment. Demonstrates the ability to overcome challenges and finds enjoyment in movement, individually and in social settings. Works to mindfully calm the mind and body.
	Lacks Competence 2	Has difficulty balancing during poses and flows. Has difficulty contributing to discussions on good health. Occasionally creates unsafe situations and/or disrupts the learning environment.
	Well Below Competence 1	Displays unsatisfactory effort toward skill development. Often breaks safety rules and disrupts the learning environment.

	Score	Comments
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### HOLISTIC DUAL PERFORMANCE RUBRIC

GRADE:		CLASS:	[
		Skill	Personal & Social Responsibility (PSR)
	Proficient 4	Consistently demonstrates balance for static and dynamic poses and flows. Discusses the benefits of mind/body activities, with details and examples drawn from personal experience. Always moves safely and with control.	Conducts oneself safely and with consideration for others. Helps both self and others overcome challenges and consistently adds to a positive learning environment. Demonstrates the ability to mindfully calm the mind and body.
	Competent  3  Maintains balance for both static and dynamic poses and flows. Discusses the connection between physical activity and good health. Moves in personal and general space safely and with control.		Conducts oneself safely without disrupting the learning environment. Demonstrates the ability to overcome challenges and finds enjoyment in movement, individually and in social settings. Works to mindfully calm the mind and body.
	Lacks Competence <b>2</b>	Has difficulty balancing during poses and flows. Has difficulty contributing to discussions on good health.	Occasionally creates unsafe situations and/or disrupts the learning environment.
Well Below Competence Displays unsatisfactory effort toward skill development.			Often breaks safety rules and disrupts the learning environment.

	Student Name	Skill	PSR	Comments
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#### **BREATHING BAGS**

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Answer each question below.	
What is 1 word that describes your feelings right now?	
<ul> <li>How did you feel before our breathing activity? How did you feel after?</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Compare and contrast your feelings before and after the exercise. In what ways did you feel th same? In what ways did you feel different?</li> </ul>	ıe
<b>UPEN</b> TOOLS FOR TEACHING YOGA AND MINDFULNESS	5
Online Physical Education Network  EXIT SLIP	////
BREATHING BAGS	
Name:	
Answer each question below.	

- What is 1 word that describes your feelings right now?
- How did you feel before our breathing activity? How did you feel after?
- Compare and contrast your feelings before and after the exercise. In what ways did you feel the same? In what ways did you feel different?





#### **RELAX & REFLECT**

Name:
Answer each question below.
How can you recognize when your mind and body are feeling stress?
How can you recognize when your mind and body are feeling relaxed?
<ul> <li>How can you use what you've learned about breathing and relaxation when your body and mind are experiencing stress?</li> </ul>
<b>ÜPEN</b> TOOLS FOR TEACHING YOGA AND MINDFULNESS ES
Online Physical Education Network  EXIT SLIP
RELAX & REFLECT
Name:

Answer each question below.

- How can you recognize when your mind and body are feeling stress?
- How can you recognize when your mind and body are feeling relaxed?
- How can you use what you've learned about breathing and relaxation when your body and mind are experiencing stress?





#### UNIVERSAL DESIGN ADAPTATIONS

**Universal Design for Learning** (UDL) is a strategy for eliminating instructional and environmental barriers for every member of a learning community in order to meet the needs of all students across the continuum of physical, intellectual, and emotional abilities. Although we acknowledge that it would be impossible to build one curriculum to meet the needs of every single child, we strongly believe that striving to maximize the active and meaningful participation for all students is a core responsibility of every educator.

OPEN has embraced this responsibility by working to create suggested Universal Design Adaptations intended to serve as baseline recommendations for modifying learning activities. The text *Strategies for Inclusion: A Handbook for Physical Educators* by Lauren J. Lieberman and Cathy Houston-Wilson provides the foundation for our work in this area.

The table below offers additional adaptations in an effort to move closer to the ideal of Universal Design.

#### **Potential Universal Design Adaptations for Yoga and Mindfulness**

Equipment	Rules	Environment	Instruction
<ul> <li>Provide activity cards in large-print versions or use an LCD projector</li> <li>Provide movement aids like yoga blocks or straps of various sizes</li> <li>Use video demonstrations of poses and flows</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Allow students to work in pairs</li> <li>Allow students an opportunity to choose poses and flows that they feel comfortable with and provide modifications that are appropriate for all</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide visual cues and reminders throughout activity areas</li> <li>Set up activity stations in various challenge levels and allow students to choose their level of challenge</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide ongoing verbal cues</li> <li>Use peer tutors to assist with instruction and participation</li> <li>Use pictures and/or videos for instruction</li> <li>Individualize instruction with one-to-one interactions</li> </ul>

Lieberman, L.J., & Houston-Wilson, C. (2009). *Strategies for Inclusion: A Handbook for Physical Educators (2nd ed.)*. Champaign, IL: Human Kinetics.





TEACHER SELF-EVALUATION & REFLECTION GUIDE) ELEMENTARY (K-5)

Teaching Dates of Module:	School Year:
General Comments / Notes fo	r Planning Next Year's Module
✓ Comment 1	
✓ Comment 2	
✓ Comment 3	
Self-Reflection Across Daniels	on's Four Domains of Teaching
	ing & Preparation
1a: Demonstrating Knowledge of Content/	1d: Demonstrating Knowledge of Resources
Pedagogy  1b: Demonstrating Knowledge of Students	1e: Designing Coherent Instruction
1c: Selecting Instructional Outcomes	1f: Designing Student Assessments
✓ Reflection 1	11. Designing diddent Assessments
✓ Reflection 2	
✓ Reflection 3	
	oom Environment
2a: Evidence of Respect and Rapport	2d: Managing Student Behavior
2b: Establishing a Culture for Learning	2e: Organizing Physical Space
2c: Managing Classroom Procedures	
<ul><li>✓ Reflection 1</li><li>✓ Reflection 2</li></ul>	
✓ Reflection 2	
	Instruction
3a: Communicating with Students	3d: Using Assessment in Instruction
3b: Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques	3e: Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness
3c: Engaging Students in Learning	
✓ Reflection 1	
✓ Reflection 2	
✓ Reflection 3	
	and Decrease the trade
4a: Reflecting on Teaching	onal Responsibilities  4d: Participating in a Professional Community
4b: Maintaining Accurate Records	4e: Growing and Developing Professionally
4c: Communicating with Families	4f: Showing Professionalism
✓ Reflection 1	, eneming reconstruction
✓ Reflection 2	
✓ Reflection 3	
Self-Rating w	vith Rationale
Choos	se One:
	; Basic (2); Unsatisfactory (1)
Provide rationale:	
✓ Evidence 1	
✓ Evidence 2	
✓ Evidence 3	